The Ellsworth American.

BY N. K. SAWYER. ELLSWORTH, MAINE, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 10, 1868. VOL. XIV. : : : NO 47.

TERMS—$2.00 PER YEAR IN ADVANCE.] DEVOTED TO POLITICS, LITERATURE AND GENERAL NEWS. [OFFICE IN PETERS' BLOCK, ELLSWORTH.

MEDICAL EMPORIUM OF EASTERN MAINE.

S. D. WIGGIN,
GRANITE BLOCK, MAINE ST.,
Ellsworth, Maine,

WOULD respectfully inform the citizens o Ellsworth, and the public generally, that having the DRUG BUSINESS under his own personal supervision, he now offers, at advantageous rates, which cannot fail to meet the approval of those wishing to purchase goods in his line, all kindsof

Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, Dyes, &c.,

also all the Standard

Patent Medicines

of the day.

Mr. Wiggin has had some ten years experience in the Apothecary business in Bangor and Boston and refers to the firm of Metcalf & Co., of Boston, and N. S. Harlow of Bangor, Apothecaries and Druggists, with whom he has had large experience in putting up Physician's Prescriptions, Jobbing, &c.

FANCY GOODS, TOILET ARTICLES, PERFUMERY, Etc., Etc.,

Among which may be found Portmannais, Reticiules, Wallets, Memorandums, all kinds of Pocket Cutlery—Jack Knives, Pen Knives, Scissors, &c., &c.
Shaving Soaps, Toilet Soaps, Perfumed Soaps, Combs—Horn Combs, Ivory Combs, Tortoise Shell Combs, coarse and fine, Brushes — Flesh Brushes, Hair do., Tooth do., Nail do.
A large assortment of Shoulder Braces, Supporters, Trusses, Skirt Supporters, Carriage Sponges, and a great many other articles which time and space forbids mentioning.

I shall keep a fine assortment of

CONFECTIONERY, Wines and Liquors.

For Medical purposes.

TOBABCCO & CIGARS.

Physicians are respectfully requested to I shall endeavor to supply them as low as can be procured in Boston or elsewhere, and with the first quality of goods.

☞ REMEMBER the PLACE. ☜
Next door above A. M. Hopkins, Main St., Ellsworth, Me.

S. D. WIGGIN.

Ellsworth, Aug. 5th, 1868. 29tf

Special Notice!

LAZARUS and MORRIS' CELEBRATED Perfected Spectacles, and EYE-GLASSES.

.....o.....

One of the firm will be at the Store of their Agent.

E. F. ROBINSON,

Jeweller, Ellsworth, Me., one (1) day only, Wednesday, December 23d, 1868.

He attends for the purpose of assisting Mr. E. F. Robinson,

IN FITTING THE EYE IN DIFFICULT OR UNUSUAL CASES.

Those suffering from impaired or diseased vision are recommended to avail themselves of this opportunity.

OUR SPECTACLES and EYE-GLASSES ARE ACKNOWLEDGED TO BE THE MOST PERFECT

assistance to sight ever manufactured, and can always be relied upon as affording *perfect ease and comfort* while *strengthening and preserving the Eyes* most thoroughly.

We take occasion to notify the Public that we employ no pedlars, and to caution them against those pretending to have our goods for sale.

Nov. 16th, 1868. 6

American and Foreign Patents

R. H. EDDY,
SOLICITOR OF PATENTS,
Late Agent of the U. S. Patent Office, Washington, under the Act of 1837.
No, 78. State St., Opposite Kil by St., BOSTON.

AFTER an extensive practice of upwards of twenty years, continues to secure Patents in the United States; also in great Britian, France and other foreign countries. Caveats, Specifications, Bonds, Assignments, and all papers or drawings for Patents, executed on reasonable terms with dispatch. Researches made into American and Foreign works, to determine legal and other advice rendered in all matters touching the same. Copies of the claims of any patent furnished by remitting one dollar, Assignments recorded in Washington.

No Agency in the United States possesses superior facilities for obtaining Patents, or ascertaining the practicability of inventions.

During eight months the subscriber in the course of his large practice, made on *twice* rejected applications SIXTEEN APPEALS; *every one* of which was decided *In his favor* by the Commisioners of Patents

TESTIMONIALS.

"I regard Mr. Eddy as one of the *most curable and successful* practitioners with whom I have had official intercourse. CHAS. MASON.
Commissioners of Patents.

"I have no hesitation in assuring inventors that they cannot employ a man *more competent and trustworthy*, and more capable of putting their applications in a form to secure for them an early and favorable consideration at the Patent office.
EDMUND BURK,"
Late Commissioner of Patents.

"Mr. R. H. EDDY has made for me THIRTEEN applications, in all but *ONE* of which patents have been granted, and that one is nowpending. Such unmistakable proof of great talent and ability on his part leads me to recommend *all* inventors to apply to him to procure their patents as they may be sure of having the most faithful attention bestowed on their cases, and at very reasonable charges. JOHN TAGGARD."

Jan. 1, 1868—1y60

GEO. A. DYERS'

Insurance Agency

MAIN STREET, Ellsworth, Me.

Insurance of all Kinds to Any Amount in First Class Companies.

MORE THAN $12,000,000

Capital Represented.

NEW ENLGAND Mutual Life INSURANCE COMPANY, of BOSTON, MASS.

Farmers, do not fail to call at this Agency and insure your Farm Property.

REMEMBER THE PLACE

Continental Life INS. CO. —OF— *HARTFORD, CONN.*

C. C. BURRILL, Travelling Agent, Post Office Address, Ellsworth, Me. tf42

Farm for Sale.

THE Subscriber offers for sale the farm known as the "Crag's Farm," 3 1-2 miles from Ellsworth village, on the Bangor road. This farm contains two hundred acres of land, fifty acres of which are under cultivation, and the balance, wood lots, and pasturage enough for thirty head of cattle. Cuts forty tons of hay. Eight acres new ground seeded down last summer. There is an Orchard on the place that will yield two hundred bushels of ingrafted apples. The pastures are well supplied with water, and there is a well of the best of water in the yard. The farm is well fenced, stable and barn in good repair, a good set of farming tools, among which is a new plough, harrow, and a patent horse hoe, will be sold with the farm; also twenty sheep. There is an abundant supply of muck on the farm, which is of the best quality. Also a large lot of dressing from the barn, which will be included in the sale. Any person wishing to purchase a farm will find it to their advantage to examine this property, as it will be sold low and on easy terms.

tf11 E. H. GREELEY, Executor.

Claim Agency, *ELLSWORTH, ME*

HAVING been engaged for several years in the Claim Agency, in prosecuting claims at Washington, D. C., in the various departments, and having become familiar with the most expeditious method of establishing claims, I now solicit the patronage of all who may need my services in presenting claims upon the Government.
**Invalid Soldiers made such by wounds or disease *contracted in the U. S. Service.*
***Widows during Widowhood.
**Dependent Mothers, whose husbands having deserted them, and abandoned their support, or who are physically incapacitated to support them, having no other source of income.
**Dependent Fathers where the Mother is dead.
**Orphan Children, Orphan Brothers and Sisters under sixteen years, are entitled to pensions.
*Original and additional bounties, back pay mileage, ration money, while prisoners of war or their heirs, collected in the shortest possible manner, and no charge for services rendered unless successful.

A. F. BURNHAM.

Ellsworth, July 29th, 1868. 28tf

FORECLOSURE OF MORTGAGE.

NOTICE is hereby given that John B. Bartlett of Bluehill in Hancock County, on the ninth day of November, A. D., 1864, by his mortgage deed of that date by him duly executed, recorded in Hancock County Registry of Deeds, Vol. 123, Page 281, mortgaged to the undersigned, Daniel M. Means, and Samuel Herrick of Sedgwick, in said County, Copartners, a certrin Lot or Parcel of land situate in Sullivan in said County of Hancock and bounded thus, viz:—On the North side by Lands of Mary A. Stover, on the east by Land of Asa White, John White and Nathan White; on the South by lands of David Welch, and on the West by tide waters of Frenchman's Bay, containing one hundred and forty acres more or less, together with all buildings thereon and other appurtenances thereto belonging, excepting and reserving threfrom the burial grounds on the said land not to exceed one fourth of an acre and right of way to the same. The condition of said mortgage has been broken and we claim a foreclosure of the same and give this notice thereof as by statute provided.

DANIEL M. MEANS,
SAMUEL HERRICK.
By Eugene Aale, their Attorney.

Ellsworth, Nov. 16th, 1868. 3w45

DR. BURTON'S TOBACCO ANTIDOTE,

WARRANTED to remove all desire for Tobacco. It is entirely vegetable and harmless. It *purifies* and enriches *the blood*, invigorates the system, possesses great nourishing and strengthening power, enables the stomach to digest the heartiest food, makes sleep refreshing, and establishes robust health. *Smokers and Chewers for Sixty Years Cured.* Price, Fifty Cents, post free. A treatise on the injurious effects of Tobacco, with lists of references, testimonials, &c. sent free. Agents wanted. Address Dr. T. R. ABBOTT, Jersey City, N. J. Sold by all druggists. 12w45

TORRY'S PATENT WEATHER STRIPS.

AGENTS WANTED in every town. Send for Circular and Price List. E. S. & J. TORREY & CoO., 72 Maiden Lane, New York. 4w45

CHAPPED HANDS AND FACE. SORE LIPS, &C., Cured at once by the use of HEGEMAN'S CAMPHOR ICE WITH GLYCERINE, which keeps the hands soft in the coldest weather. See that you get the genuine. Sold by druggists. Price 25 cts per box. Sent by mail for 30 c. 4w

AGENTS WANTED. $200 per month, to sell a new book of solid worth and practical utility, entirely different from anything ever published, designed for the masses of the people, and sells at sight to farmers, mechanics and working men. Over 200 engravings. Active men and women can surely make the above amount. TREAT & 654 Broadway, N. Y. 4w

CARPETS—DON'T PAY THE HIGH PRICES!

THE NEW ENGLAND CARPET CO., of Boston, Mass., established nearly a quarter of a century ago, in their present location, in Halls over 71, 73, 75, 77, 79, 81, 83, 85 and 87 Hanover Street, have probably furnished more houses with Carpets than any other house in the country. In order to afford those at a distance the advantages of their low prices, propose to send, on the receipt of the price, 20 yards or upwards of their beautiful Cottage Carpeting, at 50 cents per yard, with samples of ten sorts, varying in price from 25 cents to $3 per yard, suitable for furnishing every part of any house. 4w45

LADIES IN POOR HEALTH.

One of the best medicines, probaly the very best ever prescribed, for the numerous and distressing ailments known as FEMALE COMPLAINTS, is Dodd's Nervine and Invigorator. Headache, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Palpitation of the Heart, Faintness, Loss of Appetite, Bearing-down Pain, Prostration of Strength, Retained, Excessive, Irregular or Painful Menses—all yield to its magic power. For Hysteria, Epilepsy, Melancholy, &c. it is all but infallible. It is also most valuable for ladies who are experiencing the change incident to advanced years. Then it is that constitutional maladies make their appearance, if any be lurking about the system, and give caste to remaining days. Dodd's Nervine and Invigorator greatly assists nature at this important period, maintaining the vigor and tranquility of early life, and carrying them with ease and safety through.

Important Certificate.

[Communicated by a Physician.]

Some months ago I was called to attend a lady of Williamsburg, N. Y., who had long been suffering from uterine disase. Its presence was marked by contant vaginal discharge, sametimes of a watery consistency and sometimes creamy and mucopurulent. She had been under other treatment for some time, but constantly grew worse.—Vaginal examination disclosed extensive induration and ulceration of the cervix uteri. The uterine inflamation, which was evidently assuming a chronic form, was also aggravated by long standing constipation, palpitation of the heart, night sweats, cough, poor appetite, and almost daily faintings. She fainted to entire insensibility during one of my first visits. I commenced of course by such active local treatment as the ulceration demanded, and then applied myself to a recuperation of the general heath. It was inconvenient to see her frequently, and except to mark the healing of the ulcers, in the early stages, I visited her every other week. For tonic and constitutional invigorant Dodd's Nervine only was prescribed. I had some time before become acquainted with its properties, and knew nothing more safe or satisfactory in its probable effects. And the result completely justified my expectation. In less than a fortnight the bowels had become free and regular in their movements, the night-sweats disappeared, and appetite began to grow. The fainting spells became less frequent, and soon ceased altogether. In another fortnight there was no more cough, the vaginal discharge was sensibly diminishing, sleep was normal and refreshing, and the general health decidedly improved. What remains is soon told. The patient continued the use of the Nervine, (and no other medicine) for some weeks longer, when my further attendance was not required. Since her recovery I have seen her but once. She seems perfectly well. Her joy over restored health is naturally enough most enthusiastic. She never before had a medicine give her such comfort—and such appetite—and such sleep—and such courage—and such strength. She wouldn't try to keep house again without it, and so forth, and so forth. It is my own opinion that the Nervine is the best tonic and corrective of the female organization that has ever come under my observation. I shall not fail to continue its use in all similar cases, and the profession know they are numerous enough. 8w45

For sale by all Druggists. Price, One Dollar.

WANTED.—Salesmen to travel for a Manufacturing Co., and sell by sample. Good wages guaranteed. Address, with stamp, H. D. HAMILTON & CO., No. 413 Chestnut st., Philadelphia, Pa. 4w45

Goodspeed's Golden Fountain Pen.

60 LINES written with one pen of Ink! NO BLOTTING. One box assorted samples sent for 25 cents. Agents wanted, to whom from $5 to $10 per day is guarranteed. Address E. A. JOY, Portsmouth, N. H. 4w45

COLGATE & Co's TOILET SOAPS 1y32

NOTICE OF FORECLOSURE.

PHEBE MCKINNON having Conveyed to me by her deed of Mortgage, dated December 6th, 1865, and recorded in Hancock County Registry, Vol. 125, Page 139, a lot of land lying in Castine, bounded Northwesterly by Court Street and the Barr Lot, Southeasterly by land of James B. Crawford, and of Otis Hatch, Northeasterly by land of A. A. & S. Hawes and Lucy Parker and Southwesterly by land occupied by Joseph Lurvey and the Barr lot, and the condition of said mortgage having been broken, I claim a foreclosure thereof.

C. J. ABBOTT.

Castine, Nov. 14th, 1868. 3w45

Administrator's Sale.

BY VIRTUE of a License from the Probate Court, I will sell at public auction, on Monday, the 28th day of December next, at 10 o'clock A. M., at George Blodgett's Store, in Bucksport village, the right of redemption of the late Stephen B. Homer in the shop and lot near the Found ry Bridge, in said Village and the same occupied by him at the time of his decease.

JOHN BLODGETT, Adm'r.

Bucksport, Nov. 24th, 1868. 3w45

Drug Store For Sale.

Wishing to change his business and to leave the State, the subscriber offers for sale, his well known stand in Ellsworth, Maine. For more than sixteen years this stand has been well known and well patronized, and to-day is doing a thriving business. The stock, fixtures, good will, and balance of lease of store will be disposed of to a desirable purchaser, and posession given by the 1st of December, if required. For particulars inquire on the premises.

C. G. PECK.

Ellsworth, Oct. 6th, 1868. tf38

Administrators Sale.

By virtue of a license from the Judge of Probate I will sell at public Auction on the Premises on Monday Jan. 11th 1869 at 10 o'clock A. M., so much of the real estate of Alien Meader, late of Ellsworth, as shall be sufficient to pay the just debts of said estate, with the necessary expenses and cost of administration, consisting of the homestead of said Meader, situated in Dollardtown on the road leading from Ellsworth to Bucksport, about four and a half miles from Ellsworth, containing fifty acres of good land with a house partly finished and barn, also twelve acres of mowing land on the south side of the road and being a part of the Libbeus Smith farm, with the revission of widow's dower.

Geo. Parcher, Administrator.

Ellsworth, Nov. 29, 1868.

Business Cards.

The Ellsworth American Book, Card & Job Printing Office, *ELLSWORTH, ME.* *N. K. SAWYER, - - - - Proprietor*

PAINTING, GLAZING, PAPER HANGING.

Having purchased the exclusive right to use Adam Patent Graining Machine, In Ellsworth.

I am prepared to do all kinds of Graining, copies nature accurately. I can do more Grainin in two hours with this Machine than can be done in one day by hand. Shop east end of Union River bridge.

I. T. SMITH,

Ellsworth, Sept. 4th, 1866. 33

TENEMENTS and FARMS for Rent or Sale. Enquire of S. M. BECKWITH.

TEETH! TEETH!! TEETH!!!

DONT suffer with the Tooth Ache, or with toothless gums when you can get a perfect set of Teeth at

Dr. Osgood's, for Twenty-five Dollars. 38

Hathaway and Langdon, Dealers in FLOUR AND GRAIN, No. 186. State Street. (Formerly 16 Long Wharf,) ALEN HATHAWAY, J. H. LANGDON, 12 BOSTON

Oyster Eating Saloon. J. W. COOMBS, PROPRIETOR, Peters' Block, Corner of MAIN & STATE STREETS, ELLSWORTH MAINE. 811

A. F BURNHAM, Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

Particular attention given to taking Deeds, Mortgages, &c.

Special attention devoted to the collection of *demands* against persons in the County of Hancock Office on State Street, over Aikens' Store, ELLSWORTH Me 15

Portland Packet LINE.

The fast sailing schr. "FRANKLIN PIERCE," F. M. Grant, Master, will ply as a Packet between Ellsworth and Portland,—for freight,—the current season, with such aid from other good vessels as the business may require.

For further particulars enquire of N. J. MILLER, Jr., of Portland, or of the Captain on board.

F. B. AIKEN, Agent.

March 13th, 1868

Dr. E. Googing,

RESIDENCE,—on the west side of Union river, at the Homestead of the late Dr. Peck.
OFFICE, on MAIN STREET, over Albert T. Jellison's store.

June 13th, 1868. 22

Ellsworth TANNERY.

THE SUBSCRIBER having purchased the TANNERY on School Street, formerly owned by Nathaniel Emerson, would state to the citizens of Ellsworth and vicinity, that he is now prepared to give his attention to all orders in that line.

HIGHEST CASH PRICES PAID FOR HIDES, —OR— TANNING ON SHARES AS FORMERLY.

☞All orders will receive prompt attention—The public patronage is respectfully solicited.

WILLIAM F. EMERSON.

Ellsworth, Oct. 22nd, 1867. 49tf

BRAY & ROBINSON, Flour Manufacturers and Receivers' HAY BUILDING, *Nos. 125, 129 and 123 Dyer St.,* H. P Bray. PROVIDENCE, R. I. J. P. Robinson

INSURE IN THE BEST COMPA'Y

THE ÆTNA, has a paid up capital of $3,000,000. Moses Hale, Agent, Ellsworth Me. Also Agent for the Roger Williams, and Penobscot Mutual Insurance Companies.

Ellsworth, January, 28th, 1868. 1y2

J. F. DAVIS, wholesale and retail dealer in HARDWARE, IRON AND STEEL 40 Main Street, Ellsworth.

Dr. L. W. HODGKINS, *ELLSWORTH, ME.* *Office over Joy, Bartlett, & Co's. Store*

Residence on Hancock Street.
Until further notice Dr. Hodgkins can be found at his office, except when absent on professional calls, or at house.

Ellsworth, Dec. 1st. 1865.

CALL AT Eaton&Co's Cash store Deer Isle Thoroughfare, Me.

☞Captains of Vessels please report.☜

Notice.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the Inhabitants of Bucksport and Verona, will ask the next Legislature to amend the Act of last Winter, granting to said town the right of fishing along the Bridge connecting said towns.

J. WENTWORTH,
A. RICKER,
Chairmen Selectmen of Bucksport and Verona.

Nov 23d, 1868. 3w45

NOTICE.

THE Firm heretofore existing under the name and style of Burrill & Brown, Gen'l Insurance Act's, is hereby dissolved by mutual consent.

Mr. Burrill continues to carry on the business at the old stand, and invites his friends and the public generally to give him a call, as he is prepared to do business at the lowest possible living rates.

All business of the late firm will be settled by Mr. Burrill. Those having any outstanding bills are invited to call and settle at once.

C. C. BURRILL,
J. H. BROWN.

Ellsworth, Nov. 7th, 1868. 3w45

Poetry.

The Little Boot.

BY MARY CLEMMER AMES.

Dumpy, stubby, and old,
The funniest little boot,
With mended toe, and flattened heel,
Ever worn by a little foot.
Within the children's room
The widow'd mother stands,
Still smiling down with misty eyes
On a little boot in her hands.

Carefully laid away,
With a mother's yearning care,
Are toys with which the children played,
The clothes they used to wear.
With loving, longing heart.
Her gaze is backward cast,
As she softly lifts the little boot
From the stillness of the past.

She sees a little boy
Thrust out his chubby foot,
And hears his happy laugh and shout
At sight of his first boot.
And, trudging down the road,
Stubbing grass, and leaves, and roots,
She sees again the solid form
Of the little man in boots.
A conqueror that day,
He made the soft airs ring;
Amid the shoeless lads at school,
The boy in boots was king.

O, the stillness of the room
Where the children used to play!
O the silence of the empty house
Since the children went away!
And this the mother-life—
"To bear, love, and lose."
Till all the sweet sad tale is told
In a pair of little shoes,
In a single broken toy,
A flower pressed, to keep
All fragrant still the faded life
Of one who fell asleep.

The boy who wore the boot!
While his mother's eyes are dim,
Amid the world's unequal strife,
How fareth it with him?
Are the feet of manhood strong
For manhood's sacred race,
His hand outstretched, securely calm.
To clasp its utmost grace?
With love her heart o'erflows,
With love her eyes are dim,
She softly wraps the little boot,
And sends it far to him.

Beside his twilight fire
The eyes of manhood scan
The ancient boot—the far-off boy
Talks through it to the man.
The hard world's vexing road
The boy's foot never pressed;
The boy knew not of manhood's pain,
Nor felt its need of rest.
The man sees all things changed—
The earth, the heaven above;

One thing alone remains the same
To him—his mother's love.
The battered little boot
He takes as from her hand,
And seems all sweetest, purest things
Better to understand.

Dumpy, stubby, and old,
The funniest little boot,
With mended toe and flattened heel,
Ever worn by a little foot!
Yet the boot is a band to bind
The man to his innocent past,
To hold his faithful heart of hearts
To life's first love—and its last!

Miscellaneous.

Brought to Light.

BY THOMAS SPEIGHT.

CHAPTER I.—A DANGEROUS PROMISE.

It was pleasant to Miss Spencelaugh to exchange the blinding glare of the hot May sunshine, through the midst of which she had walked up from the town, for the shaded coolness of the morning-room, in which luncheon was laid out, with its vista of greenery in the conservatory beyond, and the low musical plash of a tiny fountain hidden somewhere among the flowers; for she had been down in Normanford all the morning, assisting at the installation of a new mistress for the school in which she took so great an interest; tempted by the fineness of the day, she had chosen to walk both there and back; and now came in, tired, indeed, but with a heightened colour in her cheeks, and an added brightness in her eyes, which made her look thoroughly charming.

She found her uncle, Sir Philip Spencelaugh, already seated at table, immersed in the *Times* newspaper, which had just arrived by mid-day train, and demanded to be skimmed through before luncheon could be discussed in comfort. He beamed on her kindly through his spectacles, and nodded his white head as Frederica entered the room. 'A splendid day for the peaches, my dear,' he said, and then returned to his reading. Lady Spencelaugh had not yet left her own apartments; and as she was frequently not visible till dinner-time, her absence excited no surprise.

'There's something here that will interest you, Freddy,' said Sir Philip, as laughing one of his dry quiet laughs, he handed the newspaper across the table to his niece, marking a certain passage with his thumb; and then taking off his spectacles, he proceeded to rub the glasses with his handkerchief, keeping his eyes fixed meanwhile on Frederica.

The passage indicated was among the marriage announcements, and ran as follows: 'At Bombay, on 20th March, Captain George Cliffe Barringer, of the —th Regiment, to Euphemia, only daughter of Colonel Sir Charles Patterson, of Bryanstone Square, London.' A simple statement enough, but one pregnant with much meaning to Frederica Spencelaugh. She could feel the whiteness that crept over her face as she read, and in her heart a hollow aching pain, as though some vital thread had suddenly snapped, and therewith the gladness of her life had gone out forever. But without his spectacles, the baronet's eyes were dim, and Sir Philip suspected nothing.

Frederica had a proud and resolute spirit; her uncle evidently expected her to make some comment on the news; and before the pause had time to become an awkward one, she had rallied her strength sufficiently to speak. 'I think, sir, it would have been more courteous on the part of Captain Barringer, considering the trouble you have at on his account, had he written to you of his marriage, instead of leaving you to discover it by accident.' There was a tremulous ring in her voice, which not all her efforts could entirely suppress. Oh, to get away to the silence and solitude of her own room!

'The service, my dear, that I rendered George was nothing as between friends,' said Sir Philip; 'and at his age, young fellows detest letter-writing—at least I know that I did; besides which, he was in love, and therefore not accountable, like an ordinary mortal.'

What could Frederica do but turn over the newspaper, and make believe to be suddenly interested in the political news; but the words danced before her eyes, and a wild confusion of tangled thoughts rushed madly through her brain.

'Last time I was in town,' resumed Sir Philip, as he helped himself to the wing of a chicken, 'I fell in with my old friend Desborough, whom I had not seen for several years, and who was formerly colonel of the regiment in which Barringer is now captain. George's name came up in the course of the conversation, and I then learned that he was known among his comrades at the mess-table as 'Captain Flirt'—a sobriquet which requires no explanation. But Reynard has got caught at last, probably by some one more wary than himself; and will now, let us hope, meet with the punishment due to his transgressions. The rascal's stay at Belair was happily of the shortest, else there is no knowing what damage those languishing eyes of his might have done to thy own poor heart, *ma petite.*'

She got away at last, under the plea of a headache, for Sir Philip was inclined to be prosy, and to sit longer than usual over his luncheon to-day—away to her own pleasant little room, which looked out over the great park of Belair, and across the sunny, fruitful valley, far into the dim recesses of the hills beyond. She bolted the door, and stood before the window, with clasped hands that fell dejectedly before her, while bitter tears over-brimmed her eyelids one by one. Her proud spirit was broken for the time; she was there, without fear of witness, weeping for her lost love.

Some ninety or a hundred years before the opening of our story, the heir of the Spencelaughs had chosen for his bride a noble Spanish lady of Old Castile; and many traits, both of person and disposition had come down to Frederica from her lovely ancestress, whose portrait by Sir Joshua was one of the chief ornaments of the gallery at Belair. The oval face, the delicate clear cut features, the pure olive complexion, through which the rich blood mantled so warmly on the slightest provocation, were common to both of them. Both, too, possessed the same large black liquid eyes, through which looked forth a soul keen, restless, and loving; and the same free, proud pose of the small thoroughbred head, crowned with rich heavy coils of raven hair, which, in the case of Frederica, were shot through with a golden arrow, to keep them in their place.—Her slender throat was encircled by a heavy necklace of opals, set in dead gold; and her delicately-tinted dress, of some light summer material, set off by its harmonious contrast the full measure of her dusky loveliness.

Frederica's April shower of regretful tears for her lost love was soon over.—'Fool that I am,' she cried, 'to weep for the loss of that which was never worth having!' and brushing the last of her tears impatiently away, she proceeded to light the wax-taper which stood on the table, and from it the heap of fancy shavings with which the fireless grate was filled. While these were still blazing swiftly up the chimney, she went into her bedroom, and taking up a book of Devotions which lay on the *prie-dieu* that occupied one corner of the room, she opened it at the spot where a faded white rose lay between the leaves—a white rose, withered and dried almost to tinder, but which, only one short half hour ago, was cherished as a treasure beyond price. Her lips curved into a smile of bitter disdain as she looked on it now; and there was a dangerous glitter in her eyes, which Captain George Cliffe Barringer, had he been there, would scarely have cared to encounter. Carrying the open book in her hands as though it held some noxious insect, she went back to the flame, into which she shook the withered rose, looking on in silence while it dropped to pieces and shrivelled up to white ashes in the heat. She had no letters nor any other love token than this one poor flower; and when that was gone, she felt as though the last frail tie which bound her to George Barringer were indeed broken for ever. With the same hard, proud look still on her face, she rang the bell, and ordered her mare, Zuleika, to be got in readiness, while she proceeded to put on her riding habit and hat. The air of the house seemed to stifle her; she wanted to be away, out an the great breezy headlands, with the far-reaching sea before her eyes, where it swept onward, unconfined, to the dim blue edge of the horizon.

Down the long avenue of the park, under spreading branches of beech, and chestnut, and strong-limbed oak; through pleasant little Normanford, lying warm and sleepy in the hot afternoon sunshine; away over wide stretches of upland; past great Creve Tor, standing up white and solemn, scarred with the thunders of a thousand years, with the little river brawling far below; along the white chalky high-road, that went zigzagging in and out among the green wooded hills, rode Frederica Spencelaugh swiftly, followed at a respectful distance by Mr. Bevis, the groom.

All the pleasant familiar features of the landscape were lost upon Frederica today; her mind was far away, living over again in memory that sweet holiday-time of love, that one brief golden episode of her young life, whose story she had ever since been whispering to her heart, but which must never more be told again.—How well she remembered that day, but two short years ago, when her uncle, returning from town, brought to Belair a tall, handsome stranger, who was introduced to her as Captain Barringer, the son of an old friend, encountered accidentally in London; and what a different complexion her life had taken from that hour; There had been no lack of suitors for Miss Spencelaugh's heart and hand, either in town or country, for she was the greatest heiress in all monkshire, and a beauty beside; but up to that time she had moved on her way 'in maiden meditation, fancy free.' By what subtle process Captain Barringer had contrived to steal away her heart before she knew of the loss, she herself would have been least able to explain. There were no other visitors at Belair during his stay; and having the whole field to himself; he had set himself down, in his lazy, resolute fashion, *pour passer le temps*, to win the love of the neice of his father's friend.

It was, however, a conquest unsuspected by every one but the object of it, and all the more dangerous to Frederica's peace of mind in that the captain's system of love making precluded any vulgar confession on his part. A pressure of the hand, gentle but full of meaning, a glance from those wonderful eyes of his, which said, 'I adore you,' with far more emphasis than mere words could have done; a whisper in her ear as she sat at the piano; a voice delicately modulated, which could lend to words otherwise commonplace a meaning intended for her alone—these were the only tokens by which Frederica had learned that she was beloved; but for her they were full of sweet significance.

Captain Barringer's stay at Belair was brought to a premature close by an imperative summons to join his regiment in India. Any but a very observant spectator of the parting between him and Frederica would have characterised that ceremony as a piece of polite frigidity; but it had occult signs of its own, unnoted by the world, in that tender lingering pressure of the hand; in that one flashing glance of love from the soldier's dark luminous eyes, artfully veiled next moment under their long lashes; in those two little words, 'Dinna forget,' whispered under the breath, and instinct with a precious meaning of their own. And then he was gone.

'Dinna forget!' Would she ever forget him? whispered Frederica to herself, 'No; never—never!

Two uneventful years had come and gone since Captain Barringer left Belair; but neither the distractions of half a season in London (town did not agree with Lady Spencelaugh's health), nor the quieter pleasures of country-life, had dulled the edge of Frederica's memory. Day after day, she lived over again in thought the word's the looks, the tones of the gay young soldier; and without being in the least melancholy or loveforn, she clung with all a woman's devotion to the fetish she had set up in her own heart, saying to herself, times without number, that it must be good and true because it was so beautiful. She heard of her idol frequently, but not from him; certain law-proceedings, which the baronet had kindly consented to watch in the interest of his young friend, necessitating frequent communications between the captain and Sir Philip; and the letters of the former never concluded without some message to Miss Spencelaugh, which the baronet always delivered with perfect good faith in humorous unveracity; but wherefrom Frederica contrived to elicit a deeper meaning than the mere words themselves seemed to convey. In one of his earlier epistles Captain Barringer had declared his intention of selling out at the end of three years, and coming home to settle; an intimation which, to Frederica's ears could have but one interpretation—then would his love, hitherto unspoken, reveal itself in words, then would he claim her as his own for ever.

But it was all over now—the bright dream which she had cherished with such tender faithfulness. Love's little comedy was played out; the lamps were extinguished the curtain had come down with a run; and the chill gray daylight of reality was poured over the scene of so many vanished illusions. In the first sharp pain of her loss, she thought herself more deeply stricken than she was in reality; she knew little of the gentle power of Time to heal far worse wounds than hers; but deemed that all her life must henceforth be as blank and dreary as she felt the present to be. Her woman's pride was deeply wounded to find how easily she had allowed herself to be fooled by one whose only object had been to while away a few idle hours; but she held her crushed heart bravely, and uttered no plaint; and never had her eyes shone more brightly, nor her dark beauty flushed to a rarer loveliness, than on that sunny afternoon when she rode seaward from Belair, with the dearest hopes of her young life quenched within her for ever.

A strong tide was rolling magnificently in when Frederica reined up her mare on the summit of the great rock known as Martell's Leap. She took off her hat, and let the breeze play among her hair, and listened to the roar of the waves as they shivered on the beach three hundred feet below; with eyes that followed dreamily in the wake of some outward-bound ship, whose white sails gleamed ghost-like through the haze that veiled the horizon a mile or two away. She watched till the ship could be seen no longer, and then turned Zuleika's head inland, and rode gently homeward by way of St David's Valley, and through the fruitful champaign country that stretched southward from Belair. Coming up with Sir Philip in the park, leading his cob by the bridle, which had fallen lame, she dismounted, and took her uncle's arm, while Mr. Bevis turned off in the direction of the stables with Zuleika and the cob.

'Your roses are quite brilliant this afternoon,' said the old man gallantly.—'Oh, been as far as Martell's Leap, have you? Far better than dawdling in the house, my dear; only be careful you don't let Zuleika take you too near the edge, or the catastrophe that gave its name to the place might unfortunately be repeated. Let us rest here for a minute or two; I have something particular to say to you, and I could hardly have a quieter spot than this to say it in.'

Frederica's heart sank within her; she foreboded but too surely what it was that her uncle wished to say to her. They had left the main avenue of the park, and had taken a by-path through the shrubbery which would bring them more quickly to the house, and had now reached a little secluded nook among the greenery—a semicircle of softest turf, planted round with here and there a rustic seat, and in the midst a tall terminal figure of Hymen in white marble, placed there by some previous owner of Belair, to make sacred the grove where he had wooed and won the lady whom he afterwards made his wife.

The baronet and his niece sat down on a curiously carved bench, shaded by an immense laurel from the rays of the westering sun. Sir Philip sat without speaking for a minute or two, tapping his boot absently with his riding-whip—a tall, white-haired handsome old man, but very frail and delicate-looking; with manners that were marked by a certain kindly, old-world courtliness of tone not often met with now a days.

'You remember, Freddy,' he began at last, 'my speaking to you some time ago, respecting the union which I wished to bring about between my friend Dubleess and yourself? You have not forgotten what passed at that time?'

'I have not forgotten, uncle.'

'That is well. I forbore to press the subject because I saw that it was distasteful to you, but none the less has it dwelt in my mind ever since, and I cannot rest till I have brought it once more before your attention, and—and, in short, done all that lies in my power to induce you to view it in a more favourable light. I am an old man, and my time in this world is short—nay, my dear, it is as I tell you; I say it calmly and seriously. When spring next comes round, I shall hardly be among you; and my medical man, if he chose, could tell you the same thing. You have been as dear to me, Freddy, as any daughter could have been, and I am naturally anxious to see you comfortably settled, and with a home of your own, while I am still here to look after your interests. Lady Spencelaugh and you have never agreed overwell together; and when I shall be gone, Gaston will be master of Belair, and the old house will hardly seem like a home to

you. We have no near relatives; and the secluded life which the state of my health has compelled me to lead, has precluded the formation of many intimate friendships. Under these circumstances, the consideration of your future has naturally been a source of some anxiety to me; and to see you happily married, dear, would lift a great weight from my mind. When your father lay dying, he took me by the hand, and said: 'When I am gone, Phil, you must look after my little girl. I leave her in your hands. Bring her up religiously, and when she is old enough, find her a good man for a husband; and may Heaven deal by you as you deal by her!' I loved you at first because you were a wee little orphan and my brother's child, but soon you grew as dear to me as though you were my own; and I have striven to carry out poor Arthur's wishes to the best of my ability

'Dear uncle!' said Frederica with tearful eyes. 'Papa himself could not have done more for me than you have done.'

'For the last half-dozen years,' resumed Sir Philip,' 'I have been hoping that of your own accord, and without a word from me, you would pick out some worthy gentleman on whom to bestow your hand and heart—and of such suitors you have had more than one or two to whom I could have given you with every confidence. But time goes on, and still Endymion comes not, and to all others Diana is cold as an icicle.'

He took her hand fondly, and stroked it gently between his. 'Four months ago,' he went on, 'my friend, Henri Duplessis, came to me, and asked my permission to address you on a subject very near to his heart. The permission he asked for I gave him readily, knowing no man to whom I would sooner intrust the happiness of my darling than to him. He spoke to you, and his suit was rejected; and in that respect he only met the fate of others who had ventured before him. For his sake, I departed from the course I had laid down for myself long ago—not to interfere by word or look in such matters. I hinted to you how happy it lay in your power to make both him and me, could you see your way clearly to do so. My words distressed you, and I told you to consider them as unsaid. But again, to-day, I venture to plead once more the cause of my friend. Do not mistake me, however; I am not here at his request—he knows nothing of this. He bowed unmurmuringly to your decision, and from that day to this the subject has never been mentioned between us; but, unless I misjudge him greatly, he is not a man whose feelings readily change. Ah, Freddy, if you could but learn to look favourably on him! He is a gentleman by birth and education—generous, handsome, and accomplished; and although he is not a rich man, that fact would not, I am sure, influence your inclinations in the slightest degree. That he is brave, both you and I have had ample proof, else he would not have risked his life to save mine as recklessly as he did that day in the Pyrenees. When a man reaches my age, he seldom makes new friendships; but my heart seemed to warm to Henri Duplessis from the moment my eyes opened on his pleasant face, bent anxiously over me, in that little *auberge* among the hills; had it not been for his bold spirit and strong arm, they would never have opened again on earth. Ah, Freddy, Freddy, if you could but learn to like him!'

He was still stroking her hand tenderly between his withered palms. There was a far-away look in Frederica's eyes as she sat, almost as immovable as a statue, gazing out into the violet sky; but there was a bitter warfare going on in her heart.

'Would it make you so very happy, uncle, if I were to try to 'like' Mr. Duplessis a little?'

A bright eager light came into the old man's eyes, and his hands began all at once to tremble as he spoke. 'Would it make me happy?' he said. 'It would take away altogether my greatest earthly anxiety; it would cheer and gladden, far more than I can tell you, the few remaining days that are left me in this world, and crown my life with a happiness which I feel would be far greater than my deserts. Ah, darling, tell me that you will do this, and an old man's blessing will follow you through life!'

'I will strive to do as you wish, uncle,' said Frederica.

He drew her face close to his, and kissed her fondly, and then turned away his head, for his eyes were dim, and he wanted time to recover himself.

'We will go home now, uncle, if you please,' said Frederica. There was something in the tone of her voice which grated on his ears, and he peered anxiously into her face as he offered her his arm; and his heart sank a little, she looked so passionless and cold, with that stony far away look in her eyes, as though she had caught a glimpse of the Gorgon's head in passing, and already the blight were falling upon her.

'Were I not as certain as a poor human being can be of anything,' urged he, hastily, 'that this step will ultimately conduce to your happiness, I would not persuade you to take it. Some day, dear, in the years to come, you will look back and say: 'My old uncle did what he thought best for my happiness, and his judgement was not such a bad one after all.'—Henri will make you a true and loving husband—of that I am sure.'

'Pardon me, uncle,' said Frederica, 'but you are putting a far more absolute construction on my words than I intended them to convey.'

He laughed a pleased little laugh. 'Well well; perhaps so,' he said. 'Only give Duplessis an opportunity of pleading his suit in person, and I will willingly leave the rest to time.'

They were close to the house by this time, and as they turned a corner of the shrubbery, whom should they see approaching slowly on horseback from the opposite direction but Monsieur Henri Duplessis himself!

'By Jove! exclaimed Sir Philip. 'Why, here comes our hero in person! I suppose you won't care, Freddy, if—— Eh, why, what! where the duce has the girl got to?'

Frederica, on seeing who was coming, had slipped back out of sight, and traversing quickly a narrow side path through the evergreens, in a few minutes, by a private door into Lady Spencelaugh's flower-garden, from whence she quickly made her way unseen to her own room

Having divested herself of her hat and ridinghabit, she flung herself wearily on the bed. Both heart and head ached arrangely; and she felt just then that it would be well to die, and so end all this miserable coil that was gathering round her life, and from which there seemed no other mode of escape. 'Why does the Great Angel always refuse to come to the weary ones who long for his presence?' she murmured to herself. And then she fell to thinking of the promise she had given her uncle—a dangerous promise certainly, seeing in whose favor it was made. And yet, what did it matter? He whom she loved was lost to her for ever, and just then she was indifferent to any thing except that one miserable fact.

To be continued.

—A gentleman from Bethel Hill, Me., says that Messrs. Allen Bros., proprietors of Philip Allen's Print Works R. I. were down to Bryant's Pond recently, trouting, when one of them was attacted with sciatic rheumatism so suddenly, that he had to be carried from the pond to his Hotel. a bottle of "Johnsons Anodyne Liniment" was resorted to and he was out next day.

—How are you to-day? I'm not feeling well, billious and sick head ache, have been looking round for a box of "Parson's Purgative Pills" but our traders are all sold out.—Country Paper.

"A springing Joy, a pleasure which no language can express," is imperfect to every possessor of a luxurious head of hair which only "Barret's Vegetable Hair Restorative" can impart. This is the only preparation to which a 'Medal' has ever been awarded.—St. Joseph Union.

The American,

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING AT PETERS' CORNER, ELLSWORTH, MAINE.

N. K. SAWYER,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

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"Loyal Men should rule the States that loyal Sacrifices have saved."

SPEAKER COLFAX.

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TO CORRESPONDENTS.—All communications and all letters of business with this office, to receive early attention, must be directed to the *Ellsworth American*.

The American is the only paper published in the County, and has a large circulation among the thriving citizens of the County. Will our friends in the several towns send us local items for publication? Nothing helps us so much. All the marriages, deaths, accidents, launches of vessels, building of school-houses and meetinghouses, or any other local items of interest

Directory.

Religious Services, Ellsworth.

Rev. Dr. Tenney's Church, Congregationalist:—Forenoon and afternoon service: forenoon commencing at 1-2 past 10 o'clock, afternoon at 1-4 past 2 o'clock. Lecture in the evening at the chapel.

Baptist, Rev. F. T. Hazlewood:—Bible Class, under the direction of Mr. Hazlewood, in the forenoon at 1-2 past 10. Sabbath School at 1 o'clock; afternoon service at 1-4 past 2 o'clock; evening service at 1-2 past 6 o'clock.

Unitarian, Rev. W. H. Savary:—Sabbath School at 1-2 past 10 o'clock, A. M.; Sermon at 1-4 past 2 o'clock, P. M. Evening at 1-2 past 6 o'clock.

Post Office Regulations.

Eastern and Western Mail closes at 7 o'clock, P. M. Branch Mails close 1-4th of an hour before departure.

Western Mail—Arrives Daily, (except Monday) at 3 o'clock, A. M. Departs Daily, (except Sunday) at 11 1-2 o'clock, P. M.

Eastern Mail—Arrives Daily, (except Saturday) at 11 o'clock, P. M. Departs Daily, (except Monday) at 3 1-2 o'clock, P. M.

Bucksport and Belfast—Arrives Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 3 o'clock, P. M. Departs Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 8 o'clock, A. M.

Sullivan and Narraguagus—Arrives Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 5 o'clock, P. M. Departs Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 8 o'clk, A. M.

Mount Desert—Leaves Ellsworth, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 10 o'clock A. M. Leaves Bass Harbor for Ellsworth, Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 6 o'clock, A. M.

Castine—Arrives Monday and Thursday, at 2 1-2 o'clock, P. M. Departs Tuesday and Friday, at 8 o'clock, A. M.

Trenton Point—Arrives Saturday, at 11 o'clock, A. M. Departs Saturday, at 1 o'clock P. M.

Great Pond—Arrives Saturday at 6 o'clock, P. M. Departs Friday at 7 o'clock, A. M.

OFFICE HOURS:—From 7 to 12 A. M., and from 1 to 7 1-2 P. M., (except Sunday.) Sunday from 9 1-4 to 10 1-4 A. M.

J. F. WHITCOMB, Postmaster.

Sessions of Courts.

SUPREME JUDICIAL—At Ellsworth, commencing on the 4th Tuesdays of April and Oct.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS—At Ellsworth, commencing on the 4th Tuesdays of Jan., April and Oct.

PROBATE COURTS—Ellsworth, 1st Wed. in Jan. Feb., Aug., Sept. and Dec.; 3d Wed. in June; 4th Wed. in April; 4th Tues. in Oct. Bucksport—1st Wed. in May; 3d Wed in Sept., and Jan. Bluehill—1st Wed. in July and Nov.

COURTS OF BANKRUPTCY.—Ellsworth, 2d Thursday after 1st Monday of each month. Machias 3d Monday of each month. Belfast, 1st Wednesday of each month. Rockland, 1st Monday of each month.

Citizens' Temperance Meeting

The third meeting of the citizens, generally, to discuss the Temperance question, and to consider the relations of the people of this town to the cause of temperance was held on Thursday evening at "Lyceum Hall," Lord's Building, Hamilton Joy in the chair. N. K. Sawyer was made secretary for the evening.

N. A. Joy Esq., was the first speaker. He had never favored "rammrodism", but was willing to join in any effort to stop the sale of rum. Was not prepared to go into an indiscriminate fight, but willing to say to those selling rum 'you must stop this business.' There had been always, a class in this community who were ready for a fight. They wanted to drive men to do right, or try to do so, whether they could succeed or not. It was well to examine what was most feasible to do or what really could be accomplished, if the attempt was made. For his part he would have some one licensed to sell for medicinal and mechanical purposes; and also have the Hotel keepers licensed, conditionally, that they might supply travellers, at their rooms, but not to keep an open bar. This would supply all the supposed necessities of the public, and would be about as far as public opinion would sanction. Do this, and no one could complain, if every violator of the law in regard to the sale of intoxicating liquors, should be dealt with.

Rev. Mr. Savary was called upon to inform the audience what had been done at the previous meetings. A committee had been raised to prepare a request for signatures, asking the Selectmen of the town to prosecute those selling liquors without a license. The paper had been prepared, and was then signed by many of the most influential men of both political parties. It was still to be circulated for signatures.

He read the paper and the names attached to it. He wanted the meeting to take for its text for the evening's discussion, the "question of a prohibitory law, its utility and worth to the state."

Mr. Edwin Wood liked the constabulary law. He did not want any body licensed. Believed that when men kept open grog shops, in defiance of law, and thus holding out temptations to the young, that shooting with the "ramrod" was necessary. He believed in it, and in fighting. If it came to politics, let it come.

Mr. Savary said there was something more in it than "glittering generalities." There is some politics in it, and if the question came to be fair on one side he should vote against it. He tho't a good beginning had been made; he had met in a smaller hall, and now this one was full. And to think of the change, to turn this hall, that had been used for the purposes it had, into a hall for Temperance meetings, was making a great progress in the right direction.

Mr. Cole made a lengthy speech. He commenced by saying if we could get two thirds of the people of the town to sign a pledge to not have any liquor sold in town for forty five years, we might do something. But leaving this rather impractical idea he went on to develop his views, which were of the radical kind, as we understood him. He wanted to do something to set the engine in motion, something to start the train. He compared the starting of a boy in life with open liquor shops all around him, to Blondin's walking the rope across Niagara Falls, he might get across safe, but the chances were against him.

Dr. M. R. Pulsifer made some general remarks, and classed tobacco with rum, and denounced the use of both roundly.

Rev. Mr. Hazlewood having been called upon in reply to remarks reflecting upon the course pursued by churches and by ministers with reference to the subject of temperance, spoke, substantially, as follows:—

There are very few who have an adequate conception of the difficulties before them when they purpose to speak on the subject of temperance. The theme has many phases, and some of them it is difficult to bring under any specific law. But having given some thought to the subject, I have been convinced that there are two ways in which we may properly approach it; first by the Gospel. Holding the strictest views of prohibition myself, I justify the demand made of the legislative power that it enact laws for the suppression of the sale of intoxicating liquors, by the guarantee made by every Republican Government, that it will protect the individual in his social relations. The same reason, then, that laws are enacted for the protection of minors, and of the idiotic and the inebriate, so legislation should protect the drunkard and those dependent upon him. As every contract made with the minor, or with the insane, by which property would be alienated from its rightful posession is declared null and void, and restitution enforced, so every dollar which passes into the till of the rumseller, should be declared an unlawful possession and returned. For the facts in the case justify us in believing that the men who have become addicted to strong drink, are not capable of self-government, but to a certain extent have become the wards of the commonwealth. A thirst for strong drink is a species of monomania, and the government should see that no man by taking advantage of it, defraud the drunkard's family of possessions rightfully their own. By a course of reasoning, then like this, I am in favor of the most stringent law necessary for the closing of every tippling shop, not only in this place, but also throughout the land. But I have said that we reach this subject by the Gospel of Christ also. After all that may be said in favor of prohibition, and after the enforcement of the stringent law, there will still be an obstacle in the way of the temperance reform, which laws cannot remove; the secret and moderate use of alcoholic liquor. Even after the strong hand of the law shall have closed the tippling shops, men will obtain and use the light wines, either by manufacture of them at home or by the evasion of the law. And while they may admit that in the sight of human law it has been made a crime to possess, and to drink these wines they will yet never acknowledge that it is a sin, *per se*, of itself in the sight of God. Approach them thus, and they will apply your own argument in the use of opium, of tobacco, or of tea and coffee. Popular education, it is true, may do much towards lifting a man from beastly intoxication; the general amelioration of the condition of the poor and the identifying of men with the great social problems of the day may transfer the drinking of alcoholic liquors from the bar-room to the closet and preserve men from the drunkards' grave, but there is no other way of reaching the consciences of men and enforcing the doctrine and practice of total abstinence, aside from christianity. This enunciates a principle which every man who is brought into friendship with Christ, and recognition of His divine authority feels bound to respect and observe. You will find it in the words of the Apostle Paul: "It is good neither to eat flesh nor to drink wine, nor anything whereby thy brother stumbleth, or is offended, or is made weak." And again: "If meat make my brother to offend, I will eat no flesh while the world standeth, lest I make my brother to offend." Here, then, is the enunciation of a law peculiar in Christianity. A law, morally as binding upon all men as are the claims of the Gospel of Christ. In view of this it is useless for men to cry out against the churches and against the ministers of Christ, because they will not dwell forever upon some one phase of moral life, to the exclusion of all others, when all the time they are working deeper and more truly, and more successfully for the cause of Temperance, by winning men to Christ, and by committing them to that higher law, which says, "if any practices of mine stands in the way of my brother's improvement, I will put it away, however costly the sacrifice. You have seen the channel of the river, hurrying ever on towards the sea; but the flood has come overflowing the banks of the river and for a season concealing its steady current from your view, yet in due time the freshet subsides, the old landmarks reappear, and then still true to its promise, is the ever restless stream still hurrying on to the sea. Thus has it always been in the history of the churches and of the ministers of Christ.—The tide of popular feeling sometimes rises so high in some one phase of Christian reform as to conceal the ministry and the churches, and seemingly to justify the reproach, that they are not equal to their day and generation. But they are none the less at work more deeply and more truly and with better prophecies of success than the surging, excited populace. And when the flood tide of public sentiment has been reached, and the ebb has followed, you shall still find them true to the promises of their mission.

The New England Temperance Society.

This body met in Boston last week, Rev. Dr. Chickering, formerly of Portland, called Ex-Governor Buckingham to the Chair.

The first day's proceedings were spiced by these incidents:—Dr. J. D. Fulton, said that the Rev. Mr. Spurgeon of London drinks beer daily, and says he needs it.—The celebrated Daniel Pratt made two speeches and got a little exasperated.—The Rev. Dr. Blagdon offered the following resolution:

Resolved That a law which shall forbid and punish *the sin of intemperance*, by the severest and most prompt penalties, and be faithfully enforced, is eminently needed now and at all times; and such a law connected with asylums for persons afflicted with a mania for strong drink, would be eminently efficacious in advancing the cause of temperance.

"Turning over a New Leaf."

Some one of the pictorials a dozen years since illustrated what is meant, by the phrase "turning over a new leaf," by picturing a brawny biped going through the operation of making a change in his linen. Ellsworth thinks it about time to make a change in its outer habiliments, or in plain english, to make a change in its form of municipal government. The town has fought it out on this line quite long enough for its own credit, and for the peace and good order of the citizens. The recent March meetings were little better than mobs, or at any rate only large gatherings of people who had no opportunity to act understandingly, or judiciously vote money for the various purposes of a town. Most of the business also has been done in a hurry, every one forgetting the old maxim that "haste makes waste." To our mind the following are some of the many good reasons why Ellsworth should be organized into a city:

1st. Under a City Government the utmost deliberation could be had on all appropriations of money. This is just what the tax-payers wish. Those who pay the taxes desire to have the money so raised, carefully, judiciously, and wisely appropriated. By this form of government all this may reasonably be expected. The men who vote away the peoples' money will be those who have a deep interest in the prosperity of the town, the men who pay taxes, and who will give some thought as to what will be for the interest of the whole town.

2d. There are many questions arising, that the Select men do not care to assume the responsibility of acting upon, and in many of these cases lawsuits are the result with their long train of costs and perplexities &c.

With a city Government it would not be so. With a Board of Aldermen and a Common Council to enact what shall be most proper to be done, and a Mayor to approve or disapprove, these almost daily occurring matters can be, and would be settled to the saving of all cost and perplexity. There would be enough of the substantial citizens, passing upon these matters, to give to their settlement the forms of law and the weight of character, necessary to satisfy all reasonable people.

There are many reasons that can be added, but as our limits this week are circumscribed, we only hint at one or two, and leave the question for others.

But, before closing what we have to say now let us answer an anticipated objection. "It will cost more." Examine it a moment, reader, and see. The Mayor would only have a small salary, say a hundred or a hundred and fifty dollars. The Aldermen and Councilmen would serve for nothing. The Assessors would have to be paid, but only while assessing the taxes, occupying, perhaps a month, more or less. The tax collecting would cost no more than now, nor would any other service rendered necessarily be increased. We therefore do not see why it should cost more.

The whole town would be included in the corporate limits of the city, the school money would be distributed as now, and the rights of no district, or section of the town would be disturbed as we can see. Where, then, the objection? Our columns are open for a discussion of the question.

City Meeting.

Pursuant to a call for that purpose, a large number of the citizens of Ellsworth assembled on Saturday evening at the office of Arno Wiswell, Esq., to consider the question of a City Government for Ellsworth.

The meeting was called to order by Mr. N. K. Sawyer, on whose motion Mr. Arno Wiswell was chosen chairman of the meeting. On motion of Mr. John D. Hopkins, Mr. L. A. Emery was chosen Secretary.

After a full and thorough discussion of the whole question, it was unanimously resolved to apply to the next Legislature for incorporation as a city; and upon motion

Mr. Isaac H. Thomas,
Mr. Henry Whiting,
Mr. Levi Webber,
Mr. Monroe Young,
Mr. John F. Whitcomb

were appointed a Committee to circulate among the citizens, a petition for a City Charter.

On motion

Mr. Arno Wiswell,
Mr. L. A. Emery,
Mr. A. F. Drinkwater,
Mr. Robert Cole,
Mr. P. W. Perry,

were appointed a Committee to prepare a draft of a Charter for the proposed city, to be submitted to the Legislature.

There was then some discussion in regard to the establishment of a Savings Bank in Ellsworth, and upon motion it was unanimously resolved that James H. Chamberlain, Esq., be requested to initiate measures for establishing such an Institution.

It was then voted to publish the proceedings of the meeting, and that another meeting be held Saturday eve., Jan. 2. 1869, to hear and act upon the reports of the several committees.

The meeting then adjourned

ARNO WISWELL, Chairman.
L. A. EMERY, Secretary.

Ellsworth, Dec. 5. 1868.

Take Your County Paper.

Of course an important reason with us in urging the duty of sustaining a local paper, is that it inures to our advantage. But aside from any personal or pecuniary considerations, it is both right and just to do so. A local paper many times contains the kind of information that is of the most importance to those in the County. It is made up, and must necessarily be so if that kind of matter that is most interesting to our citizens. Even the legal notices have a value that is not found in the foreign papers. So also the weekly record of deaths and marriages, and the numberless items of incidents daily transpiring around us. All these make a local paper interesting. That mechanic or farmer, or merchant even, who hastily says "it is a one horse concern," has no just conception of his own position, or has an inordinate appreciation of his own importance, and what is necessary to his mental aliment.

Ten chances to one that such a person does not read his foreign paper if he takes one.

Go to a blacksmith, with one forge and a half dozen scattering pieces of iron for his stock in trade, and he may turn up his eyes and say all local papers are "one horse concerns," never for the once thinking that most all business in the County is done in that small snug way that betokens want of capital, and a lack of a large trade. Let the man that goes to that smith to have work refuse to patronize him because his shop is a small affair, and where will he be, with his small smithery?

Let the man refuse to have his family's shoe making done at the small shop by the road-side, because it is a one-horse concern, and because at Lynn they do those things on a larger scale, and where will be your local shoe-makers.

It is true, no doubt, that cases will arise when it is the duty of a citizen to neglect his local paper, and to take a foreign one, but the cases are rare.

Dr. Morse on Incipient Consumption.

LETTER NO. VI.

Editor of the American:

Incipient consumption is the disease in its first stage, after tubercles are formed, but before they have suppurated. The tubercles in this stage are like millet seed, small in size, and of a grayish, half transparent color. In this condition, they may be viewed as the seed of the disease. They grow in size, change in color, and finally burst forth as foul ulcerations. With tubercles we have always irritation of the bronchial mucous membrane, and a vitiated condition of the blood.

In every case, where tubercles exist in the lungs we find that catarrh, sore throat, or bronchitis preceded them. They are generally caused by colds. All catarrhal affections, whether of the nose, throat or lungs, produce thickening of the mucous membrane and more or less secretion of mucous. These tend to diminish the size of the air tubes through which the air passes to the lungs, and as a consequence, diminish the quantity of air received at each breath. The quantity of air being diminished from the lungs, the blood becomes vitiated or carbonaceous, which induces formation of tubercles. The aim of treatment in this stage of consumption is first to soothe and allay irritation, second, to expel all viscid secretions from the tubes, and allow the air to enter freely the diseased part; and third, to act upon the blood in such a manner as to neutralize the free carbon it contains, and restore it by an artificial atmosphere to a condition of comparative purity. This is easily accomplished where the patient fully realizes his danger, and heartily and perseveringly cooperate with us.

We believe every case of incipient consumption can be saved, by the use of Medicated Inhalation.

But how melancholy is the reflection, that, in this stage of the disease, comparatively few will be awakened to their danger.

They know the insiduous, stealthy, and painless nature of consumption, and yet they will disregard all warnings until it has become confirmed in its hold upon the very citadel of life

Alas! how many merchants, sighing to be rich, labor on, regardless of all admonitions, and just grasp the golden idol as the chilling hand of consumption is laid upon them, and they are torn away from the enjoyment of their gain, and from all those pleasant dreams with which the spirit of avarice is wont to kindle the minds of its votaries.

I have orders for medical treatment from a large number of persons residing in Iowa, Ohio, Minnesota, Wisconsin, Mihligan, Penns, Ivania, and state of New York. Also from all parts of the New England states, and Provinces.

There is scarcely a day but the Express takes more or less packages from my office, for different sections of the country. There are also, some two hundred persons using my remedies, who reside in the city, for catarrh and other affections of the pulmonary organs.

Persons at a distance can be treated by letter.

Your obedient servant,
CHAS. MORSE' M. D.

Physician for Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, 73 Free St., Portland, Me.

The Electoral colleges.

AUGUSTA, Dec. 5.—The electoral colleges re-assembled this morning at the State House and cast the vote of the State for Grant and Colfax. General George L. Beal, of Norway, member of the college, was elected messenger to bear the vote to Washington.

BOSTON, Dec. 2.—The electoral college of Massachusetts re-assembled to day and cast the vote of the State for Grant and Colfax. John G. B. Adams, of Lynn, was chosen messenger to Washington.

CONCORD, Dec. 2.—The electoral vote of New Hampshire was to-day given for Grant and Colfax. Charles Gillis, of Hillsboro, was chosen messenger.

HARRISBURG, Dec. 2.—The Pensylvania electoral coll ge to-day cast 26 votes for Grant and Colfax.

MONTPELIER, Dec. 2.—The electoral college of Vermont voted for Grant and Colfax, and chose Gen. Grandey, of Vergennes, messenger to Washington.

TRENTON, Dec. 2.—The New Jersey electoral college met to-day and appointed Hon. Peter D. N. Room, President. The seven electoral votes of the State were cast for Seymour and Blair.

HARTFORD, Ct., Dec. 2.—The electoral college of this State met in the Governor's room, in the State House, at noon to-day, and organized by electing Ex-Gov. Hawley chairman, and J. P. Marsh, clerk. They cast the six votes of the State for Grant and Colfax, and appointed Col. Joseph Seldon, of Norwich, messenger to take the vote to Washington.

RALEIGH, Dec. 2.—The electoral college of the State met to day and cast their vote for Grant and Colfax. C. H. Brageler was chosen President of the college.

MILWAUKEE, Dec. 2.—The electoral college to day cast the vote of the State for Grant and Colfax. The college unanimously adopted a resolution recommending Horace Maynard for a seat in the Cabinet.

INDIANAPOLIS, Dec. 2.—The electoral college of Indiana to day cast the thirteen votes of the State for Grant and Colfax.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 2.—The Presidential electors of this State met this morning and cast seven votes for Seymour and Blair.

CHICAGO, Dec. 2.—The electors for President and Vice President met at Springfield to day and cast sixteen votes for Grant and Colfax.

—A household Word. The best, the only reliable, the cheapest. Try it. Mrs. S. A. Allen's Improved (*new style*) Hair Restorer or Dressing, (*in one bottle.*) My wife and children prefer it. Every Druggist sells it. Price One Dollar.

Shocking Affair—A Man Murdered by his Fellow Lodger and Buried under the House.

The quiet little village of East Orrington, situated on the banks of the Segeunkedunk stream, four and a half miles from this city, was thrown into a state of the greatest excitement on Thursday last, by the discovery of a horrible murder which had been committed in the village

We will endeavor to give our readers as inteligent an account of the affair as can be gathered from the evidence thus far brought to light. Mr. Warren George, an estimable citizen of East Orrington, between sixty and seventy years of age, has lived during the past year in a small one story house, containing one room below and a sleeping room above, having for his fellow-boarder a young man named Howard A. Cleveland, about 21 years of age. Mr. George is a widower whose sons and daughters are grown up and live away from home, and he had lived in this manner to lessen the expense of living. He had been making arrangements to go to Massachusetts to visit his children, and was to start on Wednesday the 18th of November. On the evening of Tuesday he was at the house of his brother leaving there about nine o'clock to go home. The next day he was not seen, and it was supposed he had left for Boston, though it was thought strange that he had not called, as he had agreed to do, at the house of his sister for a letter and package which he was to take with him. His friends did not feel easy about his sudden disappearance, and his sister wrote to know if he had been there, and on Tuesday last received answer that he had not, and that she knew nothing of his whereabouts. By this time the suspicion was painfully aroused that there was foul play about the matter.—Meantime young Cleveland had disappeared, having been seen at work about the house on Wednesday the 18th, and had gone away the next day. Besides this all the goods had been removed to the house of Mary A. Blaisdell, mother of Cleveland by a former marriage. Accordingly, after hearing that George was not in Boston his brother went to the house of Mrs. Blaisdell and called for the key of the house which had been occupied by her son and Warren George. She refused to give it up saying there was nothing in the house and Howard left the key with her to rent it. After some further talk and inquiries, in which she informed him that Howard and George had gone up the river, and was going to Boston on his return, he went away.

On Thursday, the citizens of the place being determined to solve the mystery, said they should enter the house if they were obliged to break the door down. Mrs. Blaisdell then went with them, and opened the door. Upon entering, Micajah Currier, Esq., one of the persons present, saw at once some blood upon the side of the stairway. Upon going up stairs, nothing remained in the room but a bedstead, from which all the clothing had been removed and which had been taken down. A close examination revealed to him more sights of blood, and places where the floor had been scraped as if to remove what had defied attempts at washing away. The truth was then apparent that there had been foul play, and the next thing was what had been done with the body!—While looking around in the lower room, it was noticed that Mrs Blaisdell kept her position over a part of the floor where there had been a trap door. As she stepped aside it was observed that the boards were solidly nailed down, and a spot of blood was discovered.

To tear up the boards was but the work of a moment, when a pile of tan bark was discovered under which something was evidently hid. Scraping away the bark loose earth was found, when one of the men went for a shovel, not knowing how much would need to be dug away. At this time Mrs Blaisdell complained of being "chilly," and saying she could be of no further use went home. Upon the shovel being brought, and two or three inches of dirt being shoveled away, a quilt was seen, which, upon opening, was found to contain the body of the missing man. After sending for a coroner, the body was examined, and it was found that George had been murdered by being shot through the body, the ball entering the right side and coming out near the left shoulder. There was also a contusion or fracture of the skull over the eye, which appeared to have been made by striking with a pistol or other instrument.

The whole community was inexpressibly shocked to learn that so foul a murder had been committed in their very midst. The examination so far as it has proceeded, shows it to have been one of the most cold blooded and heartless murders ever perpetrated. It was proved at the inquest that Cleveland on the Monday preceeding the murder, borrowed a pistol at the store of Mr Currier, ostensibly to shoot a raccoon which he had seen, and returned it again the day after the murder was committed. On the same day, Wednesday, he hauled a load of tan bark from the tannery as he said to bank his house, but which he really used to hide the body. Thursday afternoon he left this city on the cars, remaining at Waterville over night, from whence he proceeded to Boston the next morning.

Mr. George was a man who had done considerable business, and had, it is supposed from his statements and the knowledge of his neighbors, money and bonds variously estimated from three hundred to one or two thousand dollars, and it was to obtain this that the murder was committed. He also had a gold watch, but nothing has yet been found which was his.—The bed upon which the murder was committed, and clothes worn by the deceased on that day are neither of them to be found and are supposed to have been burned.

Mrs. Blaisdell, who is an old woman of nearly seventy, is said to have been at work at the house on the day when the tan was hauled with which to cover the body.

Coroner Wilson held an inquest yesterday upon the remains, summoning the following jurors:

Micajah Currier, Foreman; W. E. Covill, M. F. Eldridge, J. M. Robinson, Joshua Irish, and John H. Phillips.

They, after hearing the evidence, returned the following verdict: "That the said Warren George came to his death by means of a gun shot wound, inflicted by a gun or pistol in the hand of Howard Cleveland, of Orrington, on the night of Tuesday, Nov. 17th, and said jurors further find that Mrs A. Blaisdell was accessory after the fact."

Mrs. Blaisdell has been arrested, and Marshal Bolton is on the track of Cleveland whom he has probably caught before this.

This is the most atrocious murder that ever has been committed in this vicinity, and sends a thrill of horror through the whole community.—*Whig.*

ARREST OF THE MURDERER.

Marshal Bolton of this city, returned from Boston on Saturday evening with Howard A. Cleveland in arrest as the alleged murderer of Mr. George. He had learned from the mother or a letter in her possession, that Howard was with his sisters in Boston. They were known to be inmates of a house of ill fame, at No 96, Leverett St. There, in bed with one of his sisters, Marshal Bolton with the aid of a policeman on that beat arrested Howard on Friday night. The prisoner made no inquiries then as to why he was arrested, but afterwards told the officer that he supposed that he would be strung up, but it could not be proved that he killed Mr. George. The gold watch and a coat belonging to the deceased were found in Boston, traced from the prisoner. He had swapped off the gold watch for a silver one with a policeman.

The prisoner is about 25 years old. He is a lawless and entirely reckless fellow, and has been engaged in several thefts and other crimes.

When arrested in Boston he had on a new suit of clothes which he had purchased at Chapman's in this city, while on his way to Boston.

Mrs. Blaisdell, the mother, was arrested on Saturday on charge of harboring and concealing the murderer, and brought before the police court. The examination was postponed till to day. Failing to give bonds she was committed to jail. She protests her innocence, but says she does not doubt that Howard committed the murder.

Evidence, it is said, is fast accumulating of the guilt of both the mother and the son. It is almost sad case all round.

Howard was arraigned this (Monday) forenoon before the Police Court, and pleading "not guilty" was remanded to jail for examination to day.

No counsel has yet appeared for either him or his mother.—[*Jeffersonian.*

Washington Correspondence.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 6th, 1868.

MEETING OF CONGRESS.

To-morrow precisely at twelve o'clock, the two unpretentious little American flags which are wont to flutter over the United States Senate and House of Representatives will again kiss the breeze in token of the reassembling of Congress. For the last week the influx of visitors have been unusually large and last night there was a very heavy addition to the number already here so that the hotels and places of amusement were well filled for the first time in several months.

THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE

which may may not reach the Capital before Tuesday was again stolen by some one connected with the Printing Division of the Treasury Department and was offered for sale on Friday last at the newspaper offices in this city.—To their honor be it said, the publishers refused to buy, and the rascal who perpetrated the theft, left every newspaper office with a very large flea in his ear, possibyl thinking, "honesty is the best policy." It was stated, apparently on good authority yesterday, that the message had not been purloined but such is not the case as it was offered for sale as above stated. The Printing Division of the Treasury Department is a complex affair as several investigating committees appointed by Congress at divers times can testify.

BUSINESS BEFORE CONGRESS.

The general impression seems to be that the coming Session of Congress will be less turbulent than any other held for the last eight years. There will be less legislation on Reconstruction and more on the Finances of the Country than there was at the last session, and the debate, while it will doubtless be of an earnest character, will be less acrimonious than last summer. All of the members have a general impression that legislation is required on the financial question although but few have any well defined notions as to what the best interests of the Government require. A few of the leading members and representatives, however, have financial measures digested and will urge their passage as necessary to the salvation of the country. Senator Sumner's scheme for the immediate resumption of specie payments is generally opposed as tending to enrich still more the holders of greenbacks and adding to the poverty of the masses. Senator Morton's bill for resumption at a stated time designated, (two years and a half,) seems more expedient and is regarded by financiers of both parties as the most feasible plan yet devised. During the present week a bill embodying the principles of universal suffrage will be introduced by Senator Sumner; also a bill for the refunding of the National Debt and the reduction of the interest thereon, a bill for the relief of the Western Railroads, and a bill for special tariff interests, &c., &c., will be introduced by other members and referred to appropriate committees.

DECEASED MEMBERS.

The announcements of the death, during the recess of Congress, of members, Thaddeus Stevens, Forney, Mann and Hinds, will not be made before next week. Hon. O. J. Dickey who fills the vacancy occasioned by Mr. Stevens will pronounce the eulogy on his predecessor whose law partner he formerly was, in Lancaster. Mr. Dickey is represented as an able lawyer and an eloquent orator.

THE PUBLIC PRINTER.

A strong effort will be made early in the session to oust John D. Defrees the Public Printer, and singularly enough Senator Morton of Indiana, heads the opposition to the present incumbent, and will bring forward the name of General Edward W. Hinks, of Massachusetts, for the position. The movement is not made in anticipation of Defrees promotion to a position in Grant's Cabinet, but has its foundation in Morton's personal hostility to the former. Hinks, who is at present in the regular Army has written a letter, signifying his willingness to allow his name to be used as a candidate for the position referred to, and says that wounds received during the late war, prevent him from taking an active part in the military service. For this reason Hinks yearneth for the Public Printing Bureau. It is hard to say how much strength will be developed by the opposition to Defrees, but will hardly be suffic

LOCAL AND OTHER ITEMS.

☞Reading on the fourth page. Hereafter this page will contain the Agricultural reading. The 3d article on "Muck," and another original communication will be found there.

—Congress met on Monday. This is a short session, but no doubt it will be a busy one.

—A Daily will be issued at the Kennebec *Journal* office during the session of the Legislature.

—Our edition of last week was all exhausted before all new subscribers were supplied. We print some extra copies this week, and think enough to supply the demand.

☞Do not fail to commence in this number to read the Story "Brought to Light." It is a good story and will run through some dozen papers or more, and will be worth reading.

—We learn that the citizens of Deer Isle are agitating the question of separation from Hancock county and annexation to Knox Co. We have no objection to annexing the people, but should prefer that they would leave their politics behind them.—*Rockland Dem.*

—Two Steamers the America and the United States collided near Warsaw, between Cincinnati and Louisville, and near one hundred lives were lost.

—The body of Amos Kelton a well to-do farmer in Dorchester, N. H. was found in a field in the town of Canaan, the same State with his throat cut and with marks of violence.

—Grant's official majority in California is 506. Owing to an error in printing the name of a candidate, one of the Democratic nominees has obtained a certificate, but the matter will go before the Supreme Court.

Messrs. Glidden & Rowell retire from *The Sunrise*, and hereafter as formerly that paper will be conducted by Daniel Stickney Esq. Success to all parties, now and lately connected with the *Sunrise*.

—Mrs. Stevens, wife of James Stevens, aged about 70 years, slipped down on Sunday morning and broke her leg. It was very slippery, it will be recollected on that morning.

—The telegraph announces the important fact that there is consternation among the Democratic members of Congress, because the negro member of the House, elected from Louisiana, will have to select a seat on that side of the House because the Republican side is full. The colored member's name is Menard.

☞We expect to enlarge the *American* at the commencement of the new volume, in Jan. We are having some paper made of a larger size, and have ordered new type &c. &c. It takes time, to make all these changes, and costs money, too. At the least we shall have put out $2,000 by Jan. Do those in arrears wonder why we insist on their paying? size.

—The New York *Herald* is making a cabinet for General Grant. By his arrangement, Charles Francis Adams is to go into the State Department, Senator Sherman into the Treasury, Horace Greely into the Post Office Department, Stanton to go to England, E. B. Washburn to France, General Rawlins to Spain, Senator Wade to Russia, Motley to Austria and Bancroft to remain in Prussia.

WESTON'S PROGRESS.—Weston made but 28 miles yesterday and spent the night at Biddeford. He has become quite lame. It was his intention to have reached Wakefield, N. H., last night, 265 miles from Bangor, so that he was about 60 or 65 miles behind time last evening. A later report from Biddeford says Weston is still detained there and hints at financial difficulties as the cause.

Daily *Advertiser.*

—Henry Ward Beecher and Charles A. Dana have been practicing with velocipedes, and New York reporters are so unkind as to say that they are awkward at the business.

—The *Whig* says that Howard A. Cleaviand was at one time in Jail for breaking into a store in Ellsworth, and escaped by the witness that was to appear against him being bought off. Whose store did he break into and who was bought off? Who can give the information?

—Our Fur Traders and Trappers, in fitting out here, find Ayer's medicines one of their most profitable articles of trade. Around Slave Lake and the wild regions of the north. The Indians know their uses and have an abiding faith in them. They say: "Ayer—great medicine—care sick man," and his remedies for the diseases from which they suffer will often bring forth their stock of skins even quicker than wampum, rum, or tobacco. Savages are not fools if they are unsophisticated in some of the the arts of civilization.—[Montreal Pilot.

ABOUT TOWN.—The mills have about all been closed for the season. One or two saws are still running.

The river is clear of all ice, and there is nothing to hinder the arrival or departure of vessels. Most of the lumber has been shipped, and upon the whole, the season must have been a prosperous one for lumbermen.

The latter part of last week the lumber-teams were departing for the woods, and for the winter's work, in large numbers. The travelling was good and the weather not unpropitious.

—The Boston Correspondent of the New Yory Evening *Post* thus describes Emerson's six new lectures, and the other notables who have entertained Boston audiences:

LECTURES.

Emerson has lately completed his six discourses in a cheerful little hall under the Tremont Temple. Two of them were super-excellent, two excellent and two not at all bad. His voice is as clear and ringing as it was thirty years ago, and he is as alert in thought and action as when he first appeared in public.

The speakers who have attracted most attention this season in Boston, have been Motley, "Petroleum V. Nasby," Dr. Chapin, Anna Dickinson, General Kilpatrick and Phillips. Curtis comes next week, and the sound of his eloquent voice will be most welcome in the Music Hall.

The high priest of Shakerism, Frederick Evans, came from his mountain home in Lebanon a few weeks ago to enlighten us touching the principles of his order. Those who heard him speak, praise his method and his manner highly. He was accompanied on the platform by several "Brothers" and "Sisters" who sang at his bidding several Shaker tunes.

—The Temperance Meeting on Monday evening was not so fully attended as the preceding ones had been, on account of the storm. N. A. Joy Esq., was called to the Chair, and N. K. Sawyer made Secratary. It was voted that new officers be chosen at each meeting. It was also voted, that the meetings close by 9 1-2 o'clock.

Remarks were made by Rev. W. H. Savary, Dr. Pulsifer, N. A. Joy, Rev. Dr. Tenney, L. A. Emery and Mr. Cole. As we have devoted so much space to the former meetings, this one must go unreported. The next meeting will be next Monday Evening.

POLICE COURT.—*Monday, December 7th.* Howard A. Cleveland was arraigned on charge of killing Warren George, and pleaded not guilty. The examination was continued till 10 o'clock Tuesday.

RECOVERY OF THE WATCH OF WARREN GEORGE.—An officer arrived from Boston last evening having the gold watch which belonged to Mr. George. It was in possession of a brother-in-law of Cleveland, who exchanged with him for a silver watch. The chain found in Cleveland's possession corresponds with one described by a son of Mr. George as having been made for his father from his sister's hair.

List of Patents issued to Maine inventors and bearing date of Nov. 24th, reported for the Ellsworth American, by Wm. H. Clifford, Solicitor of Patents, 301 1-2 Congress St., Portland, Me.

T. Booth and C. C. Sanderson, Norway, Let off Mechanism for Looms.

Darius White, Portland, Paint Brush.

—*That Iron is Valuable as a Medicine* has long been known, but it is only since the preparation of in the particular form of Peruvian Syrup was discovered that its full power over disease has been brought to light. Its effect in cases of dyspepsia and debility is most salutary.

Special Notices.

Twenty-Five Years Practice

In the treatment of Diseases incident to Females has placed Dr. DOW at the head of all physicians making such practice a speciality, and enables him to guarantee a speedy and permanent cure in the worst cases of Suppression and all other Menstrual Derangements, from whatever cause. All letters for advice must contain $1. Office, No. 5 EMPICOTT STREET, BOSTON.

N. B.—Board furnished to those desiring to remain under treatment.

Boston, July, 1868.—sp.no.1yr25

WOMAN.—FEMALES, OWING TO THE PECULIAR and important relations which they sustain, their peculiar organization, and the offices they perform, are subject to many sufferings.—Freedom from these contribute in no small degree to their happiness and welfare, for none can be happy who are ill. Not only so, but no one of these various female complaints can long be suffered to run on without involving the general health of the individual, and ere long producing permanent sickness and premature decline. Nor is it pleasant to consult a physician for the relief of these various delicate affections, and only upon the most urgent necessity will a true woman so far sacrifice her greatest charm as to do this. The sex will then thank us for placing in their hands simple specifics which will be found efficacious in relieving and curing almost every one of those troublesome complaints peculiar to the sex.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT OF BUCHU.—Hundreds suffer on in silence, and hundreds of others apply vainly to druggists and doctors, who either merely trifle with them in the hope of a cure or apply remedies which make them worse. I would not wish to assert anything that would do injustice to the afflicted, but I am obliged to say that although it may be produced from excessive exhaustion of the powers of life, by laborious employment, unwholesome air and food, profuse menstruation, the use of tea and coffee, and frequent childbirth, it is far oftener caused by direct irritation, applied to the mucuous membrane of the vagina itself.

When reviewing the causes of these distressing complaints, it is most painful to contemplate the attendant evils consequent upon them. It is but simple justice to the subject to enumerate a few of the many additional causes which so largely affect the life, health and happiness of woman in all classes of society, and which consequently, affect more or less directly, the welfare of the entire human family. The mania that exists for precocious education and marriage, causes the years that nature designed for exclusive development to be wasted and perverted in the restraints of of dress, the early confinement of school, and especially in the unhealthy excitement of the ballroom. Thus, with the body half clothed, and the mind unduly excited by pleasure, perverting in midnight revel the hours designed by nature for sleep and rest, the work of destruction is half accomplished.

In consequence of this early strain upon her system, unnecessary effort is required by the delicate votary to retain her situation in school at a later day, thus agravating the evil. When one excitement is over, another in prospective keeps the mind morbidly sensitive to impression, while the now constant restraint of fashionable dress, absolutely forbidding the exercise indispensible to the attainment and retention of organic health and strength; the exposure to night air; the sudden change of temperature; the complete prostration produced by excessive dancing, must, of necessity, produce their legitimate effect. At last, an early marriage caps the climax of misery, and the unfortunate one, hitherto so utterly regardless of the plain dictates and remonstrances of her delicate nature, becomes an unwilling subject of medical treatment. This is but a truthful picture of the experience of thousands of our young women.

Long before the ability to exercise the functions of the generative organs, they require an education of their peculiar nervous system, composed of what is called the tissue, which is, in common with the female breast and lips, evidently under the control of mental emotions and associations at an early period of life; and we shall subsequently see, these emotions, when excessive, lead, long before puberty, to habits which sink the very life of their victims—ere nature has self-completed their development.

The Female Weakness and Debility, Whites or Leucorrhea, Too Profuse Menstruation, Exhaustion, Too Long Continued Periods, or Prolapsus, Uteri, we offer the most perfect specific known—HELMBOLD'S COMPOUND EXTRACT OF BUCHU.—Directions for use, diet, and advice, accompany.

Females in every period of life, from infancy to extreme old age, will find it a remedy to aid nature in the discharge of its functions. Strength is the glory of manhood and womanhood. HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU is more strengthening than any of the preparations of Bark or Iron, infinitely safer, and more pleasant. HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU, having received the indorsement of the most prominent physicians in the United States, is now offered to afflicted humanity as a certain cure for the following diseases and symptoms, from whatever cause originating: General Debility, Mental and Physical Depression, Imbecility, Determination of Blood to the Head, Confused Ideas, Hysteria, General Irritability, Restlessness and Sleeplessness at Night, Absence of Muscular Efficiency, Loss of Appetite, Dyspepsia, Emaciation, Low Spirits, Disorganization or Paralysis of the Organs of Generation, Palpitation of the Heart, and in fact, all the concomitants of a Nervous and Debilitated state of the system. To insure the genuine, cut this out. Ask for HELMBOLD'S. Take no other. Sold by Druggists and Dealers everywhere. Price, $1.25 per bottle, or six bottles for $6.50. Delivered to any address. Describe symptoms in all communications. Address H. T. HELMBOLD, Drug and Chemical Warehouse, 594 Broadway, N. Y.

None are genuine unless done up in steel-engraved wrapper with facsimile of my Chemical Warehouse, and signed H. T. HELMBOLD.

20w17

Debility.

Every one at times feels the necessity of some thing to tone up the system depressed by mental or bodily exhaustion. At such times let everyone, instead of taking alcoholic or medicinal stimulants, which afford only a temporary relief, reinvigorate his debilitated system by the natural tonic elements of the

PERUVIAN SYRUP,

or Protected Solution of the Protoxide of Iron, which vitalizes and enriches the blood by supplying it with its Life Element, IRON.

Being free from Alcohol in any form, its energizing effects are not followed by corresponding reaction, but are permanent, infusing strength, vigor and New Life into all parts of the system and building up an IRON CONSTITUTION.

WM. C. STERLING, Esq., of Poughkeepsie, N. Y., says:

"Since taking the Peruvian Syrup I feel better, my strength is improved, my bowels are regular, my appetite first rate.

There is an old Physician in this city (older than I am), who has been in the Drug Business for 50 years, who has used the syrup for three months, and gives it as his decided opinion, that it is the best Alterative Tonic Medicine he ever knew."

For Dyspepsia, Debility, and Female Weaknesses, the Peruvian syrup is a specific. A 32 page pamphlet sent free. The genuine has "Peruvian Syrup" blown in the glass.

J. P. DINSMORE, Proprietor, No. 36 Dey St., New York.

Sold by all Druggists.

Scrofula Cured after Seven Years' suffering.

J. W. Horner, Esq., a prominent lawyer of Parkersburg, W. Va., says: "I had

38 RUNNING ULCERS

when I commenced taking Dr. Anders' Iodine Water, am now a well man, and am satisfied the Iodine Water saved my life."

Circulars in regard to this remedy will be sent free.

J. P. DINSMORE, Proprietor, 36 Dey Street, New York.

For sale by Druggists generally. 4w45

The Science of Life;

OR SELF-PRESERVATION.

A NEW Medical book the best in the world written by Dr. A. H. Hayes, who has had more experience in dealing with diseases treated upon in this book than any other living physician. It treats upon the ERRORS OF YOUTH, PREMATURE DECLINE OF MANHOOD, SEMINAL WEAKNESS and all DISEASES and ABUSES of the Genitive organs. It contains 300 pages bound in cloth, illustrated with beautiful engravings. "This is no quack doctor's cheap advertising pamphlet, but a truly scientific and popular treatise by one of the most learned and popular physicians of the day. If the young and middle-aged would avoid mental depression, all nervous diseases, premature decay and death, let them read Dr. Hayes' popular medical work entitled 'The Science of Life.'"—*Medical and Surgical Journal.*

Sent by mail, securely sealed, on receipt of price, only $1; in extra Morocco, $2. Address the Author, No. 4 Bulfinch st., Boston, opposite the Revere House. N. B.—Dr. H. can always be consulted in the strictest confidence. INVIOLABLE SECRECY AND CERTAIN RELIEF.

ELLSWORTH STOVE CO.

MONROE YOUNG, of ELLSWORTH, ME., & MILES PRATT, of BOSTON, MASS.,

HAVING BOUGHT OUT the entire stock of J. W. Hill, will keep at the old stand and do business in the name of the ELLSWORTH STOVE COMPANY.

The store will be stocked with

A LARGE ASSORTMENT of STOVES of ALL KINDS,

together with all such goods as may be found in a

First Class STOVE AND TIN SHOP.

Those wishing to purchase will do well to call before purchasing elsewhere.

A Word to the Wise is Sufficient.

Ellsworth, Aug., 1868. 6mo.sp50

BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE.

The splendid Hair Dye is the best in the world. The only *true* and *perfect Dye*.—Harmless, Reliable, instantaneous. No disappointment. No ridiculous tints; remedies the ill effects of bad dyes; indigestible and leaves the hair soft and beautiful, black or brown. Sold by all druggists and perfumers. Properly applied at Batchelor's Wig Factory No. 16 Bond New York. spu 1y15

Moth Patches, Freckles and Tan.

THE ONLY Reliable Remedy for those BROWN DISCOLORATIONS on the face, is "*Perry's Moth and Freckle Lotion.*" Prepared only by Dr. B. C. PERRY, 49 Bond St., New York.

☞Sold everywhere. 3sp.

To Females.

DR. FREDERICK MORRILL, Physician and Surgeon, gives exclusive attention to Diseases of Women. He has made diseases of women his study for the past twenty years. His practice has been extensive both in hospital and in private practice. His reputation has vouchers in all the city papers, his patients, and the medical profession, both here and abroad as being the most skilled specialist here, and a thorough master of all sexual diseases.

Dr. Morrill is admitted by the best medical talent of the country to have no equal in the treatment of Female Complaints, and it is no unusual occurrence for physicians in regular practice to recommend patients to him for treatment when afflicted with diseases in his specialty.

Ladies will receive the most scientific attention both medically and surgically, with private apartments during sickness, and with old and experienced nurses, if they wish.

The poor advised free of charge. Physicians or patients wishing his opinion or advice, by letter and enclosing the usual fee, will be answered by return mail.

Medicines sent to all parts of the country.

Office, No. 48 HOWARD STREET, Boston Mass. spley16

The Errors of Youth.

Those who are suffering from the above should procure Dr. Hayes' new Medical Book, entitled 'THE SCIENCE OF LIFE, or SELF-PRESERVATION,' or apply to the author of that valuable treatise.

Impaired manhood of middle-aged people perfectly restored.

This book contains 300 pages, printed on fine paper, illustrated with beautiful engravings, bound in beautiful cloth, and is universally pronounced the best medical work in the world.

Sent to all parts of the country by mail, securely sealed, postage paid, on receipt of price—only $1.00. Address Dr. A. H. HAYES, No. 4 Bulfinch Street, or J. J. DYER & CO., 33 School street, Boston.

N. B.—Dr. H. can all ys be consulted in the strictest confidence from 9 o'clock in the morning until 9 o'clock in the evening.

INVIOLABLE SECRECY AND CERTAIN RELIEF.

REMEMBER, No. 4 Bulfinch Street, opposite Revere House. sp.no.1yr25

"FAMILY PHYSICIAN."

Seventy-six pages; price 25 cents. Sent to any address. No money required until the book is received, read, and fully approved. It is a perfect guide to the sick or malposed.

Address DR. S. S. FITCH, 25 Tremont street Boston.

MARRIED.

Ellsworth—5th inst., by Rev. F. John Imasso, Timothy Mahoney, and Mary O'Neil, both of Ellsworth.

Sullivan—Dec. 3d, by Cyrus Emery, Esq., Geo. A. Thorn, of Sullivan, to Miss Emma E. Fogg, of Bucksport.

Bucksport—Nov. 28th, by Rev. J. R. Crawford, Mr. Charles F. Partridge of Orland, and Miss Annie E. Pond of Surry.

Mt Desert—Dec. 1st, by Rev. William A. Durfee, Mr. William Femelon and Miss Ann R. Somes, both of Mt. Desert.

Sullivan—Nov. 29th, by Rev. John Plummer, Mr. Geo. S. White, of Sullivan, to Miss Eliza Geer of Hancock.

Ellsworth—Dec. 9, at the Congregational Parsonage, By Rev. S. Tenney, Mr. Thomas H. Dodge of Surry and Miss Henrietta Thurston of Bangor.

DIED.

Sullivan—1st inst., Mr. Moses Bragdon, aged 65 years.

East Sullivan—Dec. 5th, John Ashley, aged 81 1-2 years.

Alfred—Nov. 30th, Mrs. Mary, wife of Hon. Benj. J. Herrick, aged 63 years.

Trenton—Dec. 3, 1868, Geo. L. Coggins, aged 33 yrs. 8 months.

Trenton—Dec. 3, 1868, Mercy Clark, aged 85 years.

LOST.

THE forenoon between the New Building of H. S. & B. Hall on Water St. and the Methodist Meetinghouse a memorandum book, with about $20.00 in it. The finder will be suitably rewarded by returning it to.

GEORGE W. PERKINS.

Ellsworth Dec. 10th, 1868.

THE subscriber hereby gives public notice to all concerned that he has been duly appointed and has taken upon himself the trust of an Administrator of the estate of

JOHN ATHERTON.

Oct. 28, 1868 3w47

TOBACCO ANTIDOTE.

THE subscriber has purchased the right to sell Dr. T. R. Abbott's Tobacco Antidote in the County of Hancock. Orders received at his store at Bluehill Falls, and supplied.

Bluehill Falls, Nov. 21, 1868. 3mos40 J. WOOD & CO.

Administrator's Sale.

BY VIRTUE of a License from the Probate Court, I will sell at public auction, on Monday, the 28th day of December next, at 10 o'clock A. M., at George Blodgett's Store, in Bucksport village, the right of redemption of the late Stephen Homer in the shop and lot near the Footed Bridge, in said village and the same occupied by him at the time of his decease.

JOHN BLODGETT, Adm'r.

Bucksport, Nov. 24th, 1868. 3w46

Drug Store For Sale.

WISHING to change business and to leave the State, I offer my entire Drug Store for sale, its well known stand in Ellsworth, Maine. For more than sixteen years this stand has been well known and well patronized, and to-day is doing a thriving business. The stock, fixtures, good will, and balance of lease of store will be disposed of to a desirable purchaser, and possession given by the 1st of December, if required. For particulars inquire on the premises.

C. G. PECK.

Ellsworth, Oct. 6th, 1868. tfs

Administrators Sale

BY virtue of a license from the Judge of Probate I will sell at Public Auction on the premises on Monday Jan. 11th 1869 at 10 o'clock A. M., so much of the real estate of Alden Meader, late of Ellsworth, as shall be sufficient to pay the just debts of said deceased—the necessary charges and expenses of administration, consisting of the homestead of said Meader, situated in Dollardtown on the road leading from Ellsworth to Bucksport, about four and a half miles from Ellsworth, containing fifty acres of good land with a house partly finished and barn, also twelve acres of mowing land on the south side of the road and being a part of the Gibbons Smith farm, with the reversion of widow's dower.

Geo. Parcher, Administrator.

Ellsworth, Nov. 29, 1868.

NOTICE OF FORECLOSURE.

THEREE McKINNON having Conveyed to me by her deed of Mortgage, dated December 6th, 1865, and recorded in Hancock County Registry, Vol. 125, Page 159, a lot of land lying in Castine, bounded Northwesterly by Court Street and the Barr Lot, Southeasterly by land of James B. Crawford, and of Otis Hatch, Northeasterly by land of A. A. & S. Hawes and Lucy Parker and Southwesterly by land occupied by Joseph Surry and the Barr lot, and the condition of said mortgage having been broken, I claim a foreclosure thereof.

C. J. ABBOTT.

Castine, Nov. 19th, 1868. 3w46

Claim Agency,

ELLSWORTH, ME

HAVING been engaged for several years in the Claim Agency, in prosecuting claims at Washington, D. C., in the various departments, and having become familiar with the most expeditious method of establishing claims, I now solicit the patronage of all who may need my services in presenting claims upon the Government.

Invalid Soldiers made sick by wounds or disease *contracted in the U. S. Service.*

Widows during Widowhood.

Dependent Mothers, whose husbands having deserted them, and abandoned their support, or who are physically incapacitated to support them, having no other source of income.

Dependent Fathers where the Mother is dead.

Orphan Children, Orphan Brothers and Sisters under sixteen years, are entitled to pensions.

Original and additional bounties, back pay, mileage, ration money, while prisoners of war or their heirs, collected in the shortest possible manner, and a charge for services rendered unless successful.

A. E. BURNHAM.

Ellsworth, July 29th, 1868. 28tf

Continental Life INS. CO.

—OF—

HARTFORD, CONN.

C. C. BURRILL, Travelling Agent, Post Office Address, Ellsworth, Me. 1f12

MASTA'S PULMONIC BALSAM

Is a speedy and certain remedy for *Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Influenza, Hooping Cough, Asthma, and the Various Affections of the Lungs and Chest.*

☞The attention of those afflicted with colds, coughs, and with any disease of the lungs, is directed to this valuable remedy. The season of the year has already come when, on account of the sudden changes in the weather, colds and coughs are easily taken, and if neglected may lead to disease of the lungs. What is needed under such circumstance is a reliable remedy—speedy in affording relief and effectual in arresting further progress of the disease.

☞To arrest the existing irritation of the air passages and the lungs, speedily and effectually the seat and cause of cough, is an important step gained toward relief and cure in the first stages of the disease. MASTA'S PULMONIC BALSAM possesses this important power, and while it promptly and effectually arrests all existing irritation and rapidly relieves cough, it renders the lungs further relief by promoting a free discharge of the accumulated means in the air passages, imparting a healthy action and vigor to the chest at the same time.

☞Those suffering with cough and the first stages of lung disease, will therefore find in this valuable preparation a speedy and decided relief, even those whose condition is beyond recovery, will derive from its use great benefit as well as comfort. For the class of diseases it is designed to relieve, the general commendation it has received has proved its great efficacy beyond question. For the past ten years thousands have been speedily and effectually cured by its timely use while suffering from severe colds, protracted coughs, and from other forms of lung disease. It is prepared from vegetable balsams and the medicinal properties of roots and herbs, with no minerals nor poisonous acids, simple and safe in the materials used, it can be taken at any time.

☞Sold by all Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the New England States.

Whipple & Co., Portland, wholesale agents.—For Sale by C. G. Peck, and S. D. Wiggin, Ellsworth. 6mos.bisdec17

To the HONORABLE LEGISLATURE of MAINE, for 1869:

THE undersigned citizens of Hancock County, State of Maine, interested directly or indirectly in the various kinds of fishing carried on in the waters of our coast, believe it will be for the interest of all concerned, that a law be passed forbidding the taking of porgies on the coast of Maine earlier in the season than the first day of August, each year, for making oil or slivers for bait, and pray that a law may be made be enacted in accordance with this request.

HIRAM S. BARTLETT, and others.

Trenton, Nov., 1868.

Notice.

ALL persons are hereby cautioned against purchasing two notes, of hand, dated Oct. 5th, 1867, given to Elisha L. Grendell, and signed by William E. Grendell, and Amos C. Grendell, and witnessed by R. F. Grindell. One of said notes given for $200, payable by the first of May, 1868, without interest, the other for $200, payable in eighteen months from date with interest after May, 1868, no value having been received, we shall not pay the same.

WILLIAM E. GRENDELL,
AMOS C. GRENDELL.

Bluehill, Dec. 3d, 1868. 3w47

For Sale.

ONE Second hand BOB-SLED for Single Horse. Inquire of S. J. ROYAL, Ellsworth. 3w47

CAUTION.

THE Public are hereby cautioned against harboring or trusting one James Hagan, of this town, a *non compos*; as suitable provision has been made by me, his guardian, for his support, and no debts of his contracting will be paid.

JOHN MILLIKEN, Guardian.

Hancock, Dec. 3d, 1868. 3w47

Administrtor's Sale of Real Estate.

BY virtue of a license from the Hon. Judge of Probate for the County of Hancock, I shall be exposed for sale at the store of Josiah Varnum, on Wednesday the sixth day of January 1869, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, the real estate of Samuel Wardwell late of Penobscot, for the payment of his debts, with the necessary expenses and cost of administration, consisting of the homestead farm and store of the said Wardwell, and the Bridges lot, so-called, containing about twenty-five acres, also one house lot, called the Beal place, all located in the town of Penobscot, with the reversion of the said widow's dower thereon.

WILLIAM GRINDLE, Jr.,
NELSON WARDWELL.

Penobscot, December 3d, '68. Administrators. 3w47

Notice of Foreclosure.

WHEREAS, John C. Caldwell of Ellsworth, Maine, by his deed of mortgage, dated November 19th, A. D., 1865, and recorded in Hancock Registry, Vol. 125, Page 128, conveyed to one Joseph B. Cole, "a certain lot or parcel of land situate in said Ellsworth, bounded thus:—Beginning at the southwest corner bounds, of the E. F. Edwards lot, now owned by E. Hale, on Pine street, thence following said street, bearing seventy-seven and a half degrees west, four rods to a stake; thence north twelve and a half degrees east, to a stake on spruce street; thence following spruce street, south, seventy-seven and a half degrees east, four rods to N. K. Sawyer's corner bounds; thence following said Sawyer's and Hale's line, southerly, to the place of beginning," and whereas said mortgage has been duly assigned to me, and whereas, the condition in said mortgage has been broken, I hereby claim to foreclose the same and give this notice accordingly, in pursuance of the statute of the State.

F. H. JORDAN.

Ellsworth, Dec. 7th, 1868. 3w47

—52—

Beecher's Sermons

FOR

TWO DOLLARS.

THE AMERICAN TRAVELLER, (weekly) and BOSTON TRAVELLER (semi-weekly), particularly adapted for country circulation. Every week during the year they will contain one of

Beecher's Sermons.

Full Reports of Current News, Editorials, Correspondence and Miscellaneous Articles,

giving in each issue over

Thirty columns of Reading Matter,

Making them, at the low price at which they are offered, the BEST and CHEAPEST IN THE COUNTRY.

Daily (by Mail) ..... $10 per year.

SEMI-WEEKLY TRAVELLER,

One copy, one year $3 00
Five copies 13 00
Ten copies (and one to the getter up of Club of Ten) 20 00

WEEKLY TRAVELLER.

One copy, one year $2 00
Five copies 8 00
Ten copies (and one to the getter up of Club) 15 00
Twenty copies (and one to the getter up of Club) 25 00

Payable always in advance.

Specimen copies sent free.

WORTHINGTON, FLANDERS & Co.,
Publishers, Traveller Building, Boston.
1w45

MOTHERS! MOTHERS!! MOTHERS!!!

DON'T FAIL TO PROCURE

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup,

For Children Teething.

This valuable preparation has been used with NEVER FAILING SUCCESS IN THOUSANDS OF CASES.

It not only relieves the child from pain, but invigorates the stomach and bowels, corrects acidity, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. It will also instantly relieve

Griping in the Bowels and Wind Colic.

We believe it the BEST and SUREST REMEDY IN THE WORLD in all cases of DYSENTERY and DIARRHŒA IN CHILDREN, whether resulting from teething or any other cause.

Full directions for using will accompany each bottle.

Be sure and call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP," Having the *fac-simile* of "CURTIS & PERKINS," on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

6mos23

Probate Notices.

To the Honorable Judge of Probate for the county of Hancock:

THE undersigned, Guardian of Prentice Friend and Emma N. Friend minor heirs of Israel Friend late of Bluehill, in said County, deceased, respectfully represents that said Minors are seized and possessed of the following described real estate, viz:—An undivided interest in the Homestead of the said Israel Friend, situated in Bluehill aforesaid; that it would be for the benefit of the said minors that said real estate should be sold, and the proceeds thereof put out at interest, or otherwise used for their benefit.

He therefore prays that License may be granted him to sell and convey the above described Real Estate at public or private sale, according to the requirement of the Law.

Bluehill, Nov. 24th, 1868. JEREMIAH EATON.

STATE OF MAINE.

Hancock, ss, Court of Probate, Dec. Term, A. D. 1868.

Upon the foregoing Petition, ORDERED,—That said petitioner give public notice to all persons interested, by causing a copy of the petition, and this order thereon, to be published three weeks successively in the Ellsworth American, a newspaper published in Ellsworth, in said County, that they may appear at a Court of Probate for said County, to be held at Ellsworth on the 1st Wednesday of Jan. next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted.

PARKER TUCK, Judge.

Attest:—GEORGE A. DYER, Register.

A true copy attest, George A. Dyer, Register. 3w47

To the Honorable Judge of Probate for the County of Hancock:

THE undersigned, Guardian of Herbert F. Emery, Olive B. Emery, Lorinda M. Emery and Maurice P. Emery, minor heirs of Joel Emery, Jr., late of Eden, in said County, deceased, respectfully represents that said Minors are seized and possessed of the following described Real Estate, viz:—One lot of Three Hundred Acres of Wild Land adjoining Richardson's Pond, in said Eden, bounded on the East by said Pond and Brook, South by Lot of Israel Norwood, West by the County road and lot of Daniel Brown and North by land of Elvin and Edwin Young; also one other lot of 30 acres more or less, of wild land in Eden bounded South by County road and land of John Brown, West by land of Geo. B. Somes, North by lands of Alfred and Andrew Emery, and East by land of Elvin Young; that it would be for the benefit of said Minors that said Real Estate should be sold, and the proceeds thereof put out at interest, or otherwise used for their benefit.

He therefore prays that License may be granted him to sell and convey the above described Real Estate at public or private sale, according to the requirement of the Law.

URIAH GOODRIDGE, Guardian.

Dec. 2d, 1868.

STATE OF MAINE.

Hancock, ss. Court of Probate, Dec. Term, A. D. 1868.

Upon the foregoing petition, Ordered, That said widow give public notice to all persons interested, by causing a copy of the petition, and this order thereon, to be published three weeks successively in the Ellsworth American, a newspaper published in Ellsworth, in said County, that they may appear at a Probate Court to be held at Ellsworth, on the 1st Wednesday of Jan. next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any they have why the same should not be granted.

PARKER TUCK, Judge.

Attest:—GEO. A. DYER Register. 3w47

A true copy attest—GEO. A. DYER, Register.

To the Honorable Judge of Probate for the County of Hancock:

THE undersigned, Guardian of Arthur R. Blood in the County of Hancock, minor heir of John B. Blood, late of Bucksport, in said County, deceased, respectfully represents that said Minor is seized possessed of the following described Real estate, viz:—One undivided Fourth of all the Real Estate held by the late John B. Blood of Bucksport, aforesaid, after deducting the widow's dower, including the reversion of Dower therein.

That it would be for the benefit of said Minor that said Real Estate should be sold, and the proceeds thereof put out at interest, or otherwise used for his benefit. He therefore prays that License may be granted her, to sell and convey the above Real Estate at public or private sale, according to the requirement of the Law.

MARY D. BLOOD.

November 28, 1868.

STATE OF MAINE.

Hancock, ss.—Court of Probate, Dec. term, A. D. 1868.

Upon the foregoing petition,

ORDERED—that said petitioner give public notice to all persons interested by causing a copy of the petition and this order thereon, to be published three weeks successively in the Ellsworth American, a newspaper published in Ellsworth, in said county, that they may appear at a court of probate for said county, to be held at Ellsworth on the 1st Wednesday of Jan. next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon to show cause if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted.

PARKER TUCK, Judge.

A true copy—Attest—GEO. A. DYER, Reg'r. 3w47

At a Court of Probate holden at Bluehill, within and for the county of Hancock, on the 1st Wednesday of Nov. A. D. 1868.

JOHN STEVENS, named Executor in a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of Nehemiah Hinckly late of Bluehill, in said county deceased, having presented the same for probate.

ORDERED:—That the said executor give notice to all persons interested, by causing a copy of this order to be published three weeks successively in the Ellsworth American, printed in Ellsworth that they may appear at a Probate Court to be holden at Bluehill, on the 1st Wednesday of Jan. next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, and show cause, if any they have, why the same should not be allowed.

PARKER TUCK, Judge.

A true copy—Attest:—GEO. A. DYER, Reg'r. 3w47

At a Court of Probate holden at Bluehill, within and for the County of Hancock, on the 1st Wednesday of Nov. A. D. 1868.

P. WOOD & al. Administrators upon the estate of Frederic Parker, late of Bluehill, in said county, deceased—having presented their 1st account of administration upon said estate for Probate:

ORDERED.—That the said Adm'rs give notice to all persons interested, by causing a copy of this order to be published three weeks successively in the Ellsworth American, printed in Ellsworth, that they may appear at a Probate Court to be holden at Bluehill, on the 1st Wednesday of July next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, and show cause if any they have, why the same should not be allowed.

PARKER TUCK, Judge.

A True Copy.—Attest: GEO. A. DYER, Register. 3w 47

At a Court of Probate holden at Bluehill within and for the County of Hancock, on the 1st Wednesday of Nov. A. D., 1868.

ALBERT H. DUNBAR, Administrator upon the estate of Julius Dunbar late of Penobscot, in said County, deceased—have the presented their 1st account of administration upon said estate for Probate:

ORDERED:—That the said Administrator give notice thereof to all persons interested, by causing a copy of this order to be published three weeks successively in the Ellsworth American, printed in Ellsworth, that they may appear at a Probate Court to be holden at Ellsworth, on the 1st Wednesday of January next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, and show cause, if any they have, why the same should not be allowed.

PARKER TUCK, Judge.

A true copy—Attest—GEO. A. DYER, Reg'r. 3w47

At a Court of Probate holden at Ellsworth within and for the County of Hancock, on the 1st Wednesday Dec. A. D. 1868.

CHARLES C. CLOUGH, administrator upon the estate of Daniel Clough, late of Bluehill, in said County, deceased—having presented his final account of administration upon said estate for Probate:

ORDERED:—That said Administrator give notice thereof to all persons interested, by causing a copy of this order to be published three weeks successively in the Ellsworth American, printed in Ellsworth, that they may appear at a Probate Court to be holden at Bluehill, on the 1st Wednesday of January next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, and show cause, if any they have, why the same should not be allowed.

PARKER TUCK, Judge.

A true copy—Attest:—GEO. A. DYER, Reg'r. 3w47

THE subscriber hereby gives public notice to all concerned that he has been duly appointed and has taken upon himself the trust of an administrator of the estate of

DANIEL P. CONDON, late of Dedham, in the county of Hancock, deceased, by giving bond as the law directs; she therefore requests all persons who are indebted to the said deceased's estate to make immediate payment, and those who have any demands thereon, to exhibit the same for settlement.

ALVIRA W. CONDON.

Sept. 9, 1868. 3w46

THE subscriber hereby gives public notice to all concerned that he has been duly appointed and has taken upon himself the trust of an Administrator of the estate of

GEORGE E. JONES, late of Brooksville, in the County of Hancock, Mariner, deceased, by giving bond as the law directs; he therefore requests all persons who are indebted to the said deceased's estate, to make immediate payment, and those who have any demands thereon, to exhibit the same for settlement.

JOHN W. JONES.

Dec. 31, 1868. 3w46

THE subscriber hereby gives public notice to all concerned, that he has been duly appointed and has taken upon himself the trust of an administrator of the estate of

JAMES HARRIMAN, late of Orland, in the County of Hancock, yeoman, deceased, by gi

Poetry.

A SONG FROM THE SUDS.

BY LOUISA M. ALCOTT.

Queen of my tub, I merrily sing
While white foam rises high;
And sturdily wash and rinse and wring,
And fasten the clothes to dry;
Then out in the fresh air they swing,
Under the summer sky.

I wish we could wash from our hearts and souls
The stains of the week away;
And let water and air, by their magic, make
Ourselves as pure as they;
Then on the earth there would be indeed
A glorious washing day!

Along the path of a useful life
Will heart's-ease ever bloom
The busy mind has no time to think
Of sorrow or care or gloom;
And anxious thoughts may be swept away,
As we busily wield a broom.

I am glad a task to me is given
To labor at day by day;
For it brings me health and strength and hope,
And I cheerfully learn to say
"Head you may think, Heart you may feel,
But Hand you shall work alway!"

Agricultural Department.

Shelter vs Waste.

Conceding the accuracy of the census statistics, we have in our State more than 12,000,000 of hay-consuming animals, having a cash value of $20,540,000.

To shelter these animals during the inclement months of our Northern winters, barns of some description have been built, at an outlay of more than $ 32,000,000. In these barns there are annually consumed more than $ 15,000,000 worth of hay. The cost of pasturage during the summer months, is estimated at $ 4,625,000. The cost of fencing, at $29,000 000 (See Goodsales Report. 1860. page 24). The cost of taking care of stock cannot be less than $500,000, making in the sum total invested in ruminating animals $101,665,000.

The domestic animals in the United States are valued at $3,000,000,000.

The wintering of farm stock is the heaviest bill which the farmer is obliged to meet. During not less than 210 days of the year these 12,000,000 animals must receive their food from the end of the pitch-fork. More than 1,000,000 tons of hay are annually consumed by them.

The question naturally arises, why this immense wealth in cattle—for what, this enormous consumption of hay to feed them. A writer in a Prize Essay answers, "that which makes cattle an absolute necessity in cultivation, is MANURE" This is a great mistake. Whether the hay, or any other food, passes through the body of the animals, or goes at once into the soil, if a regular decomposition can be insured, the effect will be the same. The animal is only a consumer, it does not impart anything, but the reverse, it takes from the food, so that feeding is a waste, unless a benefit is realized in the increased value of the animal, or in some side-product, of which manure is one, as well as butter. If straw is passed through the animal, the manure is nothing but decomposed straw—If damaged hay—whether so from exposure, or being over-ripe—the ejecta is only decomposed, damaged hay.

Cattle, as manure machines, are not an "absolute necessity,' but as machines for conversion of hay into beef or butter, mutton and wool, are indispensable; that which is exerted or given out, varies in value according to the substances from which it is made. This brings us to our first proposition, that:—*hay at a certain period of its growth, contains a greater amount of food than at any other period.*

Grass is the most natural and nutritious food, and the nearer *dried* (hay) comes to growing grass the richer the food. The estimate end of all vegetable growth, is to perfect its seed. In obedience to this law of its growth, its roots reach the soil and its stalks and leaves the air for that, refined in the formation and developement of its seed.

While these plants used for feed, are in process of growth, they are of a soft succulent nature consisting principally of gum, sugar and oils, in an easily digestible condition with a proportion of woody fibre. When in blossom they contain a large amount of gum, sugar, oils &c. During the period from the formation of the blossom until the maturity of the seed the amount of these substances constantly diminishes, and the amount of woody fibre increase until the plant is ripe, when the stalks and leaves are principally composed of woody fibre, with a small proportion of gum, sugar &c.

Paper manufacturers, by a process of steaming and maceration separate the starch, gum and sugar from the straw, leaving the woody fibre in a soft pulpy state, to be converted into paper.

The fact that rye straw is held to be the least valuable of all kinds of straw for feeding purposes, is corroborated by the fact that it is most valuable for making paper—Cotton is the purest natural form of woody fibre, and rye straw comes nearest to it in composition of any straw.

The benefit realized from hay is in proportion to the *available* nutriment contained in it. So much only, is available as is soluble, soluble in water and soluble in acid; it will be remembered that there exists in the stomach of every animal an acid which is the source of its digestive power. Hay, it is said; has 17 3-4 parts soluble in water and 29 parts soluble in acid, when it is richest in elements of nutrition.

It is a matter of much importance to the farmer to know, where in the interim between the time of blossoming and the formation of the seed, that precise period is when his grasses contain the greatest amount of available food. An error in his calculations, of a week too soon, or a week too late, tells upon his purse.

The tardy hay-maker complains that his hay is 'going-back,' yet year after year 'delays his coming' to the haying fields, till his grass has ripened into material for *poor* paper, when per force of necessity, his barns must be filled with this 'go back, hay, which 'kills both ways, like Hundibras' gun.' This *woody-fibre* hay, in its ordinary condition is insoluble and indigestible. The sugar, gum, oils, albumen and ash of plants are what the animal appropriates for its sustenance.

Eleve.

To be continued.

Muck.

No. 4.

To accommodate your correspondent D., I take up a branch of the subject, which otherwise would have been postponed for several numbers. His query is "the kind and quantity of salts necessary to mix with muck to insure a good crop of potatoes?"

Muck, when analyzed, is found to be cow-dung, without its musky breath of cow odor, or the power of generating ammonia, that has ceased to be active. All the various substances, from whatever source derived, solid or liquid, which are used as manure, possess one common property, that of generating ammonia.—How is it to be given to muck, a substance which, in all its other characteristics, is so nearly allied to cow-dung, that lacking element, ammonia? One method has been partially considered in a former number, the admixture of cow-dung itself. One destitute of that material, asks for other methods of producing the same effect.

By the addition of alkali to muck, it is put into the same state, which ammonia gives to dung, and is called artificial manure. The alkalies more generally used are soda and potash, and pure ammonia. When these substances are met with in commerce, they are in the state of salts, as carbonate of ammonia of the shops, white ash, or soda ash, or potash or pearl-ash.

The best plan for preparing the artificial manure is to dig the muck in the Fall or Winter, and put it where it will freeze, and dry as much as it will. In the Spring of the year let this be mixed in the proportion of 30 lbs of potash, or 20 lbs of soda ash, or 8 bushels of good hard wood ashes to every cord of muck as it was dug, estimating this by the pit dug out, and allowing nothing in the spring for shrinking. If ashes are used, they may be mixed in at once with the muck; but if soda ash or potashes are used, they must be dissolved in water, and the pile evenly wet with the solution. The pile is then to be well shoveled over, and used as is other manure. But it has been found by experience, that the muck may be dug in the Spring, immediately mixed with the alkali, and used forthwith, in which case more care in mixing and pulverizing will be required.

Another form of artificial manure is made by mixing common salt and lime muck. Take one bushel of salt, and a cask of lime; slack the lime with the brine, made by dissolving the salt in water, sufficient to make a stiff paste with the lime. Mix well together and let the mass remain in a heap for ten days, and then carefully mix it with three cords of muck; shovel well over for six weeks, and it will be fit for use.

These methods are recommended by agricultural writers as being in accordance with scientific research, and actual experiment by intelligent farmers.

H.

HARNESSES,
TRUNKS, WHIPS, &c.

THE subscriber continues the manufacture of HARNESSES and COLLARS, of the best selected stock from Boston and New York markets, as usual, at the

Cheap Harness Shop,

on water street.

I return my grateful thanks to the inhabitants of this town and vicinity, for their past favors and confidence, and hope by strict attention, to share a continuance of their support.

Having the assistance of one of the best workmen in the State, I am enabled to furnish or keep on hand, all kinds of

HARNESSES, made of PULL OAK TANNED LEATHER,

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I put up Spring Wool Collars, of my own make, that are found to be safe and comfortable also on hand

Boston and Bangor Wool and Straw Collars, at low rates.

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A large assortment of TRUNKS, eight qualities and all sizes. VALISES, RAILROAD and ENAMELED BAGS, as low as the lowest.

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I have one of the largest stock of WHIPS, in town, from the finest Cut and Bone downward, at the late

Great Reduction,

with a large variety of articles in the trade.

☞ Buyers are requested to examine the market elsewhere before purchasing here.

REPAIRING done Substantially, at short notice.

HENRY SWAN.

Ellsworth, June 23d, 1868 tf 23

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THE MOST RELIABLE MEDICINE OF THE AGE!

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For Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Soreness of the Lungs, Whooping-cough, Croup, Asthma, Canker, Bowel Complaint, &c.

TRY IT,

And you will find it an Invaluable Remedy.

It costs you but a trifle, and may save your hundreds of dollars in Doctors' Bills, and what is more, save your health.

Prepared by

D. K. REED, ROXBURY, MASS., U. S.

Calvin G Peck, Wholesale Agent, Ellsworth Maine. 1y44

WILLIAM P. JOY,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
AND
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Hops for Sale.

ABOUT 100 lbs. of Superior Hops, in bulk, at A. M. Hopkins' Store.
Nov. 23d, 1868. 3w45

New Advertisements.

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PATENTED OCT. 17, 1855.

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Use Reed's Chemical Sponge Blacking, the best Dressing and Blacking for Ladies' and Children's Shoes, Rubbers, &c,

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For the Fastest selling Book published. MRS. *Harriet Beecher Stowe's New Work*

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MOORE'S RURAL NEW-YORKER, the Great National Weekly for Country, Suburban and Town Residents, will commence its Twentieth year and Volume, Jan. 2, 1869, when it will be published on a Mammoth Sheet, comprising sixteen large Double-Quarto Pages of five columns each, and also Greatly improved in both Contents and Appearance. This will make the paper about double its former size, with no increase in price! Its ample pages will embrace Departments devoted to or treating upon

Agriculture,	Literature,
Horticulture,	Education,
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With illustrations, Music, Poetry, &c.

Vol. XX, for 1869, will excel in all the essentials of a Progressive, Timely and Useful Rural, Literary and Family Newspaper; and, more than ever before, manifest the true spirit of its motto, "Excelsior," and Objects, "Progress and Improvement"—making the

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With Offices in New York City, and Rochester, the great Business and Commercial Metropolis, and the Heart of a famed Rural District—the RURAL possesses unequaled facilities for accomplishing its object.

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Secret Service

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THE GREAT NEW YORK AGRICULTURAL, HORTICULTURAL, AND FAMILY NEWSPAPER.—The RURAL AMERICAN, published in the city of New York, is now the Largest and most Elegant paper of its class in the United States. Price $1.50 a year; 10 copies $12.50 20 copies $20, or only One Dollar a year! Every subscriber in clubs of ten, at $1.50, will receive a free package of EARLY ROSE POTATOES, selling at $40 per bbl., post paid, worth $1.25. The Rural American is everywhere admitted to be the BEST, CHEAPEST, and the most PRACTICAL farmers' and fruit-growers' paper in this country. Its editor-in-chief is an old farmer and fruit-grower of FORTY YEARS' experience! The publication of this paper was removed in June last from Utica, N. Y., to New York City; and the Editorial and Business Office to New Brunswick, N. J., (near New York,) where its proprietor owns a farm within the City limits, of 128 acres, worth $20,000; and also has a large Cash Capital to insure Permanency to his publications. Club Agents wanted everywhere, who are paid a very liberal compensation. Samples of paper, blank subscription lists, &c., free. Address T. B. MINER, New Brunswick, New Jersey.

ZION'S HERALD.

Vol. XLVI.

This Oldest of Methodist Aims To Lead the Column of the Religious Press

It advocates Christian Doctrine as preached in all Ages by the Evangelical Church. It supports Prohibition as the chief duty of every State to its own citizens. It opposes Caste, and urges the Liberty, Equality and Fraternity of all men.

THE EDITOR-IN-CHIEF,

Rev. GILBERT HAVEN,

Has few equals and no superior, as a brilliant writer and most successful editor.

It has five editors, and not less than fifty contributors. Among these are the best newspaper writers:

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A new Story by Miss Ann Warner, Author of "Queeeby," "The Old Helmet," WILL COMMENCE WITH the NEXT VOLUME.

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All orders should be addressed to JOHN W. FORNEY, Editor and Prop'r, S. W. cor. Seventh and Chestnut Streets, Philidelphia, Pa.

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NEW ENGLAND FARMER

1869 Vol. XXIV. 1869

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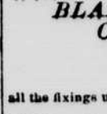

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JOSEPH BATES, No. 78 Broadway, New York Post-Office Box, 4264.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

COURT OF BANKRUPTCY.

THE next Court of Bankruptcy for the County of Hancock will be held at the office of the Clerk of the Courts in Ellsworth, on Saturday, Dec. 19th, 1868, at 9 o'clock, A. M.

PETER THACHER,
tf45 Register, 5th Cong. Dist., Me.

IN BANKRUPTCY.

District Court of the United States, District of Maine—in Bankruptcy. Ellsworth, Nov. 21st, 1868.

IN the matter of Robert C. Hagerthy of Surry, in said District, Bankrupt.

It is ordered that a second general meeting of the Creditors of said Bankrupt be held before Peter Thacher, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy, in said District, at his office in Ellsworth, to wit.—at the Clerk of the Courts Office, on the 19th day of December, 1868, at 9 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose named in the 27th section of the Bankrupt Act, approved March 2d, 1867.

3w45 NATHAN WALKER, Assignee.

IN BANKRUPTCY.

At Ellsworth on the 21st Day of November, A. D., 1868.

NOTICE is hereby given that a second general meeting of the creditors of Charles Eaton of Deer Isle, in said District, Bankrupt, will be held at Ellsworth in said District, on the 19th day of December, A. D., 1868, at 10 o'clock, A. M., at the office of Peter Thacher, Esq., one of the registers in Bankruptcy, to wit:—the Clerk of the Courts Office, in said District, for the purposes named in the 27th Section of the Bankrupt Act of March 2d, 1867.

3w45 I. H. THOMAS, Assignee.

IN BANKRUPCY.

In Ellsworth on the 21st day of November, A. D. 1868.

Notice is hereby given that a second general meeting, of the creditors of George Warren of Otis, in said District, Bankrupt, will be held at Ellsworth, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon at the office of Peter Thacher, Esq., one of the Registers in Bankruptcy, to wit:—at the office of the Clerk of the Court, in said District, for the purposes named in the 27th Section of the Bankrupt Act of March 2d, 1857.

3w45 I. H. THOMAS, Assignee.

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WHIPS, BLANKETS, COLLARS, TRUNKS, VALISES, &c

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Call at the Old Shop With NEW Prices.

LEWIS A. JOY

Ellsworth, May 28, 1868 18tf

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Self-Adjusting

Metallic Weather Strip.

The subscriber gives notice that he has purchased the exclusive right to manufacture and use Clays metallic Weather Strip, for the county of Hancock and Aroostook, and is prepared to sell town rights or to apply the strip to doors.

This is the very best thing of the kind out, and insures a vast deal of saving in fuel, and adds to the comfort of the household.

It is both cheap and economical.

Waltham, Me., Oct. 14th, 1868.

3m GEO. W. COOK.

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J. B. BRADLEY. WM. FOSS.

Bucksport, May, 1868. tf 17

HARNESSES HARNESSES

TRUNKS! TRUNKS!

May be found at the ☞ NEW HARNESS SHOP, on the corner of Main, and Franklin steets, one door below the Ellsworth House.

The largest and best stock of *Harnesses, Trunks, Bags, Whips, Robes, Blankets, Currycombs* and *Brushes*, ever offered in Ellsworth, which I am selling at very low prices.

Light Buggy and Carryall Harnesses, made of the best Stock and WORKMANSHIP!!

Second to None in the State!

Also, HEAVY HARNESSES of all descriptions, on hand, and made to order. All of the above work warranted to give satisfaction.

I will call your attention to the large stock of Trunks, Valises, Bags, and reticules, which I have on hand. Having made arrangements with one of the largest Manufacturers in New England, I am prepared to sell Trunks cheaper than can be bought in town. ☞ Don't take my word or it, Come and see for yourselves!!

REPAIRING,

ffdone with Neatness and Despatch, by good and faithful workmen.

Thankful for past favors, I hope with honest and fair dealing, and strict attention to business, to merit a continuance of the same.

G. W. BAGLEY.

Ellsworth, June 22d, 1868. 23

Just Received at THE Shoe Store

MY FALL and WINTER *STOCK* OF CUSTOM-MADE

BOOTS & SHOES,

Every pair of my Mens', Boys', and Youth's Thick Boots, are hand work, custom made. No Machine work about them.

ALL WORK WARRANTED!

An extra Stock of

Calf Boots, Custom Made, Work WARRANTD.

I have an Extra Nice Assortment of

Serge High Polish,

Congress and Button Boots, thick and thin sole; Pegged High Polish, for Misses and Children. Boot and Shoe Stock, Sole Leather, Calf Skins, Linings and other Findings; also all kinds of Goods usually kept in a

New Dry Goods Store.

Woolens, Cottons, Dress Goods, Shawls, &c., &c. Bought for Cash, and will be sold as low as the lowest.

I have the agency for the celebrated Odessa Patent Collapsing Hoop Skirt, all ladies who have tried them will have no other They cannot be had anywhere else in this vicinity. Received this day a good assortment of

HATS & CAPS.

A S. ATHERTON.

Ellsworth, Sept. 16t, 1868. tf 36

NEW MEDICINES.

JUST RECEIVED.

C. G. PECK,

MAIN STREET, ELLSWORTH, M

Keeps constantly on hand and for sale, wholesale and retail, a full supply of

Drugs, Medicines, Perfumery, soaps Spices, Fruits, Nuts, and *CONFECTIONERY.*

He keeps a general assortment of Medicines used by Physicians, together with

Patent and Thompsonian Medicines.

The genuine Smith's Razor Strops.

Fig Candies, Washing Powders, Soap, Dye Stuffs, Supporters, Spices of all kinds, Citron, Currants, Raisins, Tamarinds, Irish Moss, Pickles, &c., &c.

&c., &c., &c., &c., &c., &c.

Just received, per Express, a new supply of the most popular Patent Medicines, among which are BURNETT'S Preparations; Blood Food, for Liver Complaint, Coughs, Dyspepsia, Female Diseases; and Regeneration of Man; Weeks' Magic Compound; Whitcomb's remedy for Asthma; Burnett's Cod Liver Oil; Jayne's Expectorant; Wistar's Wild Cherry Balsam; Fowle's cure for Piles; Dr. Jeffrie's Antidote; Drake's Benzoine, for removing paint, tar, grease, &c.; Cumming's Aperient; Gargling Oil; Dadd's and Miller's Condition Powders; Cheeseman's Clarke's and Duponco's Female Pills, for female obstructions, &c; Grugor's Concentrated Cure for nervous weakness; Hembold's Fluid Extract of Buchu, for diseases of the bladder, kidneys, &c; Maynard's Colodion for burn and cuts; Gardiner's Rheumatic Compound; Peruvian Syrup; Gould's Pin worm Syrup; Houghin's Corn Solvent, and infallible remedy; Magnetis Balsam, for rheumatism and neuralgia; Jeffries Panacea of Life, a sure cure for Sore Throat and Bronchial affections; Stone's Elixir, for bronchitis

Copeland's sure cure for Bed Bugs,

BITTERS—Oxygenated, Hoofland's, Peck's, Hardy's Brown's Clarke's Sherry Wine, Langley's Root and Herb, Abbott's, and others;

LINIMENT—Tobias', Good Samaritan, Mustang and Liniments and Ointments of all kinds;

SARSAPARILLA—Ball's, Sand's Shaker's and all other principal kinds.

PILLS—Ayer's sugar coated, Brandreth's and Wright's Indian Vegetable.

Also, Weaver's canker and salt rheum Syrup; Arnold's Vital Fluid; Atwood's Extract Dandelion, Brant's Purifying Extract, (Sarsa Blood Purifier Kennedy's Medical Discovery; Morse's Syrup Yellow Dock; Radway's Remedies; McMunn's Elixir of Opium; Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Sprup; Shaker Extract Valerian; Balm of a Thousand Flowers; Cold Cream; Flesh Balls, Liquid Rouge; Ayer's Cherry Pectoral; Brant's Pulmonary Balsam: Clarke's Cough Syrup; Bachelor and Harrison's Hair Dye; Barney's Musk Cologne; Shaving Cream and Verbena Water; Dutcher's Dead short for Bed Bugs; and all other articles usually kept in a Drug Store.

Physician's Prescriptions carefully compounded. 1

Tickets to the West,

AT LOWEST RATES,

Geo. A. Dyer, Agent,

OFFICE on STATE STREET,

tf36 Ellsworth, Maine

Clothing! Clothing!

Custom and Ready-Made

CLOTHING.

A T. Jellison,

has just returned from Boston with a large, nice new, and well selected stock of

Fall & winter Goods,

consisting of Men and Boys' Ready-Made Clothing, which were bought when Goods were at the lowest point, enabling him to sell them lower than any other Clothing Establishment, and

WE WILL DO SO!

OLD GOODS will be sold at a *GREAT SACRIFICE*, as we are desirous of closing them out.

Among my stock may be found one of the best assortment of

CLOTHS

—For—

Men & Boys' Wear,

ever offered in this market, which we will make up to order, in the best style, and at the lowest possible figure, always warranting a fit

Also a large and splendid assortment of

LADIES' and GENTS' PAPER STOCKS,

in this branch we especially defy competition we buy of the manufacturers, and in large titles.

FURNISHING GOODS,

OF ALL VARIETIES.

☞ Don't fail to call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere, as we are sure we can give you better bargains for the cash than you can get elsewhere in town.

COUNTRY TRADERS,

supplied at *Wholesale Prices.*

Cutting done at SHORT NOTICE

and in the latest styles.

☞ Girls Wanted to work in Shop

A. T. JELLISON

Ellsworth, Oct, 8, 1868. tf16

FURNITURE FURNITURE

THE undersigned having just returned from Boston, would respectfully say to their friends that they are now ready with the largest stock of all kinds of

FURNITURE,

ever offered in Ellsworth, together with

CROCKERY WARE, GLASS WARE, PAPER HANGINGS, BORDERS, PAPER CURTAINS, OIL SHADS,

All kinds of BED SPREADS, TABLE COVEINGS, TRAVELING, WORK, & MAKET BASKTS, CHILDREN'S CABS, FEATHERS and MATTRESSES of all kinds, WOK BOXES, PORTABLE DESKS, GLOVE BOXES, WRINGING MACHINES, CAPFTING, BFD TICKING, ENAMELED CLOTH, tc., tc., Brooms, Tubs, Boys' Carts and Wagons,

Also

Coffins & Caskets,

fitted up at short notice

☞ All kinds of repairing done with neatness and despatch.

GEO. CUNNINGHAM | A. T. CUSHMAN.
tf 15

Notice.

I have in my possession, a boat that was taken from James Davis, 2d, of Long Island, and supposed to have been stolen from some one about Union river bay. Said boat is about 12 to 14 keel, lapwork build, painted black. The owner is requested to call take the boat, and the thief, and pay the expense incurred.

Z. P. Lunt.

Long Island, Dec. 1st. 1868.

House for Sale or to Let.

THE House and Garden Lot owned by Elijah Orcutt, and lately occupied by Capt. Joseph Thomas, is for sale or to rent. Apply to the subscriber. N. A. JOY.

Ellsworth, Nov. 30th, 1868. 3w46

NEW ARRIVAL of

Fall & Winter GOODS,

—AT—

O. MORAN & Co's.,

Clothing Store

We have just received

A FINE STOCK OF

CLOTHS OF THE LATST STYLES,

Which we will be happy to make up to order *VERY LOW.*

Our Stock is

WELL SELECTED,

and we think to suit all.

READY-MADE

CLOTHING for MEN & BOYS,

in all grades and colors. We will sell them

AS LOW as the LOWEST!!

Please call before purchasing elsewhere. CUTTING promptly attended to.

Thankful for past favors, we hope a continuation of the same. *DON'T FORGET THE PLACE,*

JORDAN'S NEW BLOCK,

Opposite the Ellsworth House, Main Street.

O. MORAN & Co.

Ellsworth, Sept. 11th, 1868

Fall & Winter

GOODS.

READY-MADE

CLOTHING!

IN EVERY VARIETY OF MATERIAL

sold in lots to suit the purchaser,

AT THE VERY LOWEST LIVING RATES.

LEWIS FRIEND,

(Formerly Joseph Friend & Co.)

Merchant Tailor,

Has just returned from Boston and New York with the

Largest and Best Selected Stock

ever brought into this market, consisting of

TRICOS,

BROADCLOTHS, CASHMERES, DOESKINS, VESTINGS. &c., &c

of all kinds, which he is prepared to make up to order, in the very latest styles, and at the shortest notice. Call and examine our stock of

FURNISHING GOODS,

Hats and Caps

Also a large variety of

READY-MADE CLOTHING

OF OUR OWN MAKE,

which we guarantee will give good satisfaction and will be sold at the lowest prices.

Our motto is

Quick Sales and Smal Profits.

MAIN STREET, ELLSWORTH.

A New Thing.

Meyer's Patent Overcoat Cuff, a most desirable article for this climate, is made by Lewis Friend who has the sole right for this locality.

LEWIS FRIEND.

Ellsworth, Sept. 18th, 1868. 32tf

Fruit and Groceries,

No. 3, Main street, Ellsworth, Maine.

FLOUR, MEAL, RICE, BEANS, SUGARS, MOLASSES, SYRUP, POTATOES, CORNED BEEF, PORK, LARD, HOG'S TONGUE, TRIPE.

Dried Fruit,

FIGS, DATES and RAISINS.

Candied Fruit,

TOMATOES, PEACHES, PEARS.

Nuts,

PEANUTT, WALNUTS, CASTANOS, FILBERTS and PECANS.

Pickles,

Fine in Barrels and Bottles.

Miscellaneous.

TOBACCO, CIGARS, STARCH, SALERATUS, CANDLES, CHEESE, OYSTERS in cans, DRIED APPLES, CIDAR VINEGAR, KETCHUP, PEPPER-SAUCE, CANNED-LOBSTERS, SOAPS, MATCHES, PIPES, PAILS, TUBS, BROOMS, GARDEN-SEEDS, DRIED FISH, SMOKED FISH, SMOKED HALIBUT.

N. C. REYNOLDS.

Ellsworth, June 23d, 1868. 23

10,000 COPIES SOLD!

What of it—Why, the last sensation, the

Grecian Bend.

Profusely illustrated. Young man, buy it for your sweetheart, husbands, for your wives, mothers, sisters, or any of the family.

Sent post paid on receipt of 20 cents.

6 copies, $1.00.
3 " 50.

Address CHARLES C. WEEKS,
tf 43 164 Cambridge St., Boston, Mass.

CHANGE OF TIME.

Merchant's Line.

BOSTON & PENOBSCOT RIVER

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

The Steamship WM. TIBBETTS, will run weekly during the Summer between Bangor and Boston, leaving Bangor every *MONDAY*, at 5 o'clock, A. M.

Returning—Will leave Rowe's Warf, Boston, every *THURSDAY*, at 12 M. touching at Hampden, Winterport, Bucksport, Sandy Point, Belfast, Rockport and Tenants Harbor.

Freight taken at reasonable rates.

Also good accommodations for passengers

Fare from Bangor, Hampden and Winterport, $3.00; from Belfast and Rockport